

SUMMARY OF NEWS

FORECAST.

For Georgia: Fair Tuesday, warmer in west portion; Wednesday partly cloudy; fresh north to east winds.
Highest temperature..... 47
Lowest temperature..... 37
Mean temperature..... 42
Precipitation for past 24 hours..... .32
Deficiency since first of month..... .08
Deficiency since January 1..... 2.17

TODAY AND TONIGHT.

The Bill: "His Last Dollar." Matinee 2:30; night 8:15.

Department superintendence National Educational Association, Grand opera house 9:30 a. m. Round table symposium 2:30. Carnegie library, afternoon session Grand opera house 4 p. m. Night session 8:15 p. m.

LOCAL.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad yesterday rejected the proposition of the city for the erection of freight terminals and the city rejected the proposition of the railroad. As a result neither the proposed Washington street viaduct nor the terminals will be erected.

The wedding of Miss Tockie Davis and Mr. Hudson Moore, which had been expected to take place last night, occurred last night in the presence of the immediately family only, on account of sickness in the bride's family.

Delegates to the meeting of the department of superintendence of the National Educational Association arrived in Atlanta on every train yesterday and the opening session will be held today.

Judge J. M. Griggs is suggested as a delegate from the state at large to the national democratic convention as chairman of the Georgia delegation.

The Southern Golf Association yesterday selected Louisville, Ky., as the place for the next tournament, which takes place in June.

Colonel John Temple Graves, of Atlanta, has received a magnificent offer from William R. Hearst.

GEORGIA.

United States District Attorney Leavenworth returned to Savannah, where he went to prosecute his investigation of smuggling cases. Says he found that many goods other than cigars had been smuggled.

Yesterday was a great day for the military at Savannah. Infantry and cavalry commands held maneuvers and were joined for the day by the Burke Light Infantry of Waynesboro.

G. W. Aderhold, of Canton, Ohio, visits his father, Mike Aderhold, at Tallapoosa, Ga., after they had been separated for forty-two years, not having heard from each other.

A case of smallpox having developed in the Newton county convict camp, the county commissioners have ordered that the entire camp be vacated.

At the meeting of the Y. M. C. A. state convention at Augusta, Atlanta won the gymnasium contest and Savannah won from Atlanta at basketball.

Arthur Laing, who killed his brother in law, E. E. Mourning, last Friday, has surrendered to the authorities of Calhoun county and is now in jail.

Rome's primary takes place today and the contest for the mayoralty is an exciting one, as both the candidates are very popular.

Miss Rose Mundy was struck by a negro in Athens and the black is now being hunted down by citizens of that city.

SOUTHERN.

In the suit in Mississippi of Woodruff v. state, which seeks to enforce the payment of bonds amounting to \$300,000 issued by the liquidating levee board, which passed out of existence in 1894, the state supreme court declares that the state cannot escape being sued.

T. J. Cornwell, defaulting president of the Bessemer, Ala., savings bank, who fled to Honduras about a year ago, will return to Bessemer and stand trial. A bond has been agreed on by the sheriff and Cornwell's friends.

Surveyors arrive at Roanoke, Va., and proceed to Salem, Christianburg and Bell Springs, to begin a survey of the proposed road which the Wabash system will build from the Ohio river to the Atlantic seaboard.

The Mississippi house has passed the senate bill providing for a uniform system of text-books for the common schools.

Banks, schools and public offices were closed yesterday in Virginia in honor of the birthday of Washington.

Eight prisoners succeed in making their escape from the Aniston, Ala., jail.

DOMESTIC.

The feature of yesterday's session of the senate was a sharp clash between Senators Hoar and Foraker over the Ishman question. Senator Hoar announced that he intends to vote for the treaty.

President Roosevelt has tendered a place on the Panama canal commission to Alfred Noble, the distinguished engineer of the Pennsylvania railroad system.

The senate will vote today on the Panama canal treaty. The convention will receive a large number of votes in excess of the necessary two-thirds.

Mr. Burton, republican of Ohio, made a vigorous speech in the house yesterday on the great naval program proposed by his party.

The three-masted schooner Benjamin Cromwell sank in heavy seas off New York and six members of her crew were drowned.

Three persons lost their lives in a fire in the Alhambra hotel and theater at Chicago. The theater had lately been remodeled.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt celebrated Washington's birthday by planting each a tree in the white house grounds.

FOREIGN.

The Hague tribunal, which has been considering the claims of the blocking powers for preferential treatment of their claims against Venezuela has decided that Great Britain, Germany and Italy are entitled to a preference of 30 per cent of the custom duties at La Guayra and Puerto Cabello.

It is reported at Tokio that the Japanese fleet has made another attack on Port Arthur. The Russian Vladivostock is reported cruising in the sea of Japan. The reports of a land engagement are discredited.

At Prague Sunday 1,000 Slav students tried to make a hostile demonstration before the United States consulate because of American sympathy for Japan.

While King Edward was inspecting the naval station at Portsmouth he stumbled and fell, sustaining injuries to his leg.

Cheikh Bey, the Turkish minister at Washington, believes war in the Balkans is impending.

SPORTS.

De Reszke, 5 to 1, won the George Washington handicap at New Orleans.

Three favorites and one second choice won at Ascot. Oarsman took the mile handicap.

ATLANTA LOSES BIG TERMINALS OF RAILROADS

Proposed Washington Street Viaduct Will Not Be Erected.

PENDING NEGOTIATIONS ARE ALL CALLED OFF

At Meeting Yesterday Milton Smith, Acting for Railroads, Rejected City's Proposition and City Rejected Railroad Proposition.

Negotiations between the Louisville and Nashville and other railroads and the city authorities reached a sudden and unexpected termination yesterday afternoon.

Atlanta, it seems, has lost the big \$750,000 freight depot and the freight terminal that were to have been constructed here. The proposition to construct a Washington street viaduct is to be abandoned entirely and the grade crossings between Central avenue and the city limits on the east are to remain as they are.

This was brought about by the speech of Milton Smith, president of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, who was the only speaker for the railroads during the session of the bridge and street committees of council yesterday afternoon.

"We made a proposition," said Mr. Smith, "which we thought was fair, and which you, as representing the city, are not willing to accept, which is your right. Your counter proposition is not satisfactory, and we reject it. We are right where we were before we started, and no harm is done."

It was with these words that Mr. Smith concluded his speech to the committee. When he resumed his seat there was a moment of silence and then those who had looked at each other in amazement. The hum of conversation that was about to commence in the council chamber—where the meeting was held—was interrupted by Councilman E. V. Carter, of the seventh ward.

"Mr. Chairman," he said, "as the proposition of the committee has been rejected, and as it appears we are where we started, I move that this committee reject the proposition of the railroads."

The motion was put at once by Chairman Terry, of the street committee, and it was unanimously adopted.

Three minutes later the council chamber was deserted.

No Terminals or Viaduct. The action of the railroads in rejecting the counter proposition of the city and of the city rejecting the proposition of the railroads means that the terminals will not be erected and that the Washington street viaduct will not be constructed, for the present at least.

All the other plans of the railroads, with the exception of utilizing the property they can with the city, are where we started. I move that this committee reject the proposition of the railroads."

The motion was put at once by Chairman Terry, of the street committee, and it was unanimously adopted.

Three minutes later the council chamber was deserted.

Mr. Smith Interviewed. When seen at his suite in the Piedmont hotel directly after the meeting, Mr. Smith consented to state for publication several interesting facts regarding the developments of yesterday afternoon in the railroad situation.

Referring to a question regarding the effect of the action of the committee on yesterday afternoon Mr. Smith said:

"This means that the negotiations are ended. It is my opinion that we are so far apart that it will be impossible for the city and the railroads to agree. Some of my associates think differently, but that is my opinion. The effect will be that we will do the best we can, but the big terminal will not be constructed and the grade crossings will continue as they are."

"It has been suggested," Mr. Smith was told, "that the Louisville and Nashville might construct a new road from the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern, above Marietta, to Athens, reaching the sea by way of Union Point, Augusta and Port Royal. Is there anything in that?"

Mr. Smith laughed.

"No," he replied, "there is absolutely nothing in that suggestion. We are in Atlanta and we are here to stay for ever. We will operate the line direct from Cincinnati, as we have stated, through the Tennessee coal fields and into Atlanta by way of Marietta."

"The effect of rejecting your petition is then what?" he was asked.

"The effect is merely to prevent us from giving better service. We will do the very best we can, but we must abandon the Waverly place idea, fall to construct the terminals we proposed to."

Continued on Fourth Page.

WARSHIPS OF MIKADO AGAIN RAIN SHOT AND SHELL ON PORT ARTHUR



"WHO SAID PEACE?"

RUSSIA IS SHORT MANY MILLIONS

Czar's Great Empire on the Verge of Bankruptcy.

Special Cable. BERLIN, February 22.—It is reported that the Russian government which was compelled in three days of the outbreak of war to issue bank notes to the value of 50,000,000 roubles, has now begun to withdraw its deposits from west European banks. According to The Munchener Neueste Nachrichten a large Russian war loan is inevitable.

Special Cable. Copenhagen, February 22.—Information has reached here which gives rather dark pictures of Russian finances. It is said that though the Russian budget shows a surplus of 20,000,000 roubles, it really there is a deficiency of at least 200,000,000 without including a single Kopek of extraordinary military expenditure in East Asia.

Preparations are being made for drawing in the gold supplies of Finland. This will be done partly by establishing Russian currency in Finland and partly by replacing the bank of Finland by branches of the Russian Imperial bank.

It has been telegraphed abroad that Russia has enormous riches in her monasteries. All Russians, however, know that an attempt on the part of the government to touch clerical property would be the most dangerous course it could take.

BRIBERY SAVES RUSSIAN BOAT

Chinese Officers Paid To Protect Madjur--Japan Moving in Matter.

London, February 22.—A correspondent at Tokio of Reuters Telegram Company says he learns from a reliable source that the Russian minister to China, Paul Lessar, has successfully bribed Chinese officials with the result that the instructions given the Russian gunboat Madjur to leave Shanghai were cancelled. The Japanese government considers this to be a breach of Chinese neutrality, and is taking steps in the matter.

RUSSIAN FLEET IN JAP WATERS

Mikado's Ships Sail to Meet Czar's Cruisers.

Special Cable. SHANGHAI, February 22.—That Russia's Vladivostock squadron of four cruisers, the Gromobol, Rossia, Rurik and Bogatyr, is in Japanese waters, is confirmed by arriving merchantmen. The squadron was last reported off Kanagawa, Sea of Japan, 400 miles southwest of Hakodate. The ships will be unable to get through the Korean straits on account of the incessant Japanese patrol, both north and south, at the opening of the straits.

The Japanese squadron of two battle ships, six cruisers and eight destroyers, which has been waiting for the Russians, has sailed from Shimoneski north to meet them. News of a decisive battle is momentarily expected.

RUSSIAN SCOUTS SWARM IN KOREA

Advance Guard of Czar's Army Moving to South.

By F. A. McKenzie.

Special Cable. SEOUL, February 22.—Russians are steadily advancing southward. Six hundred are reported to have reached Sunchin. Other scouting parties are now to the immediate south of Anjo.

The Russians who were wounded in the naval action at Chemulpo have been removed from his majesty's ship Talbot to the Amphitrite, which is proceeding to Hongkong.

I proceed north Tuesday morning.

MAY SEIZE FOOD AS CONTRABAND

Friction Likely To Be Caused by the Belligerents.

Washington, February 22.—Officials here are apprehensive that friction may follow the efforts of the belligerents in Asia to define contraband of war in a manner injurious to American trade.

While the matter has not yet been treated in the negotiations with Russia and Japan on the one side and the United States on the other, there is reason to believe that some of the European powers already have been confronted with the threatened restrictions upon their trade which they are disposed to resist.

A vast quantity of American food stuffs is now about destined both for Russia and Japan, and it is probable that the question will be very speedily raised as to whether or not these supplies are contraband of war. The United States has in recent years insisted that foodstuffs were not contraband, and could not be seized by a belligerent unless it were shown the goods were consigned to or clearly intended for a belligerent.

This principle was recognized by the British government during the Transvaal war, and British courts awarded considerable sums of money to American shippers on account of food seized by British warships.

RUSSIANS TAKE BRITISH VESSEL

Steamer Rosalie Is Reported To Be Held at Vladivostock.

London, February 22.—The owners of the British steamer Rosalie from Cardiff, November 22, for Vladivostock, and which sailed from Nagasaki January 18, have been notified that she has been captured by the Russians at Vladivostock.

Meets at Nashville in June. Greensboro, N. C., February 22.—(Special.)—The executive committee of the bankers' association, in session here, has agreed to hold the annual session at Asheville on June 14, 15 and 16.

LONDON, February 23.—The Nagasaki correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, cabling under date of February 22, reports that the Japanese squadron has captured four Russian torpedo boats at Port Arthur by using Russian signals.

This dispatch appears to confirm reports from various quarters of a fresh attack on Port Arthur by the Japanese.

The report reached Nagasaki from Che Foo, and it adds that the Russian crews of the four torpedo boats have been transferred.

According to the Nagasaki correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, the American squadron, the vessels of which are variously reported at Che Foo and Shanghai, is going to make a demonstration at the mouth of the Yalu river.

WEI-HAI-WEI, February 22.

The British steamer Ching Ping, belonging to the Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, of Shanghai, has arrived here from Port Dalny and reports that she was fired upon by the Russians and was hit seven times around her water line. A Russian pilot boat was coming up out of Port Dalny to pilot the Ching Ping and was blown up by a mine.

ROSEN STYLES JAPS COWARDS

Russian Diplomat Talks of Battle Off Chemulpo.

Special Cable. Hongkong, February 22.—Baron Rosen, lately Russian minister at Tokio, and the Russian military and naval attaches and consul arrived here from Japan on their way to Russia today. With him also is the wife of a Russian officer, Admiral Bridge, the British admiral in command of the Asiatic station, sent her a message offering her any assistance she might require.

Baron Rosen was interviewed. He said that the naval fight at Chemulpo was a breach of neutrality and a cowardly action on the part of the Japanese, who knew, before the declaration of war, the exact date upon which they were going to attack and land at Chemulpo.

An important point, he said, lay in the fact that the Japanese had been holding for many months the telegraph lines of Korea in spite of the fact that Korea was a perfectly neutral country.

Admiral Alexieff accused the Japanese of intercepting a telegram in cipher ordering the Variag to leave Chemulpo and return to Port Arthur. This telegram was never received. The Japanese had read the cipher and the Variag remained in ignorance of the situation until the Japanese warships arrived.

The Japanese admiral, finding neutral warships in the harbor, said that if the Russian ships did not leave he would attack them there. The Russians, to prevent the possibility of this, left the harbor to face the Japanese squadron. The Japanese violated neutral rights in attacking in the waters on neutral territory. The baron concluded by saying that there was nothing about this action that could be considered fair.

The Russian wounded are expected here tomorrow on the Amphitrite and will be placed in hospitals. The prisoners will be sent to Ceylon on a special transport with a guard of British marines.

Reported at Tokio That Ad- miral Togo Is Battering Rus- sian Stronghold.

TOKIO, February 22.—It is reported here that Vice Admiral Togo has again attacked Port Arthur. It is impossible to confirm the statement, but the navy department says it has had no news from Togo today. It is considered very probable that the vice admiral has made another attack on the Russians, as he is engaged in blockading Port Arthur.

VICEROY ALEXIEFF MAKES HEADQUARTERS AT HARBIN YINKLOW, February 22.—Viceroxy Alexieff and his full staff have just arrived at Harbin, where headquarters has been established.

RUSSIA IS ADDRESSING PROTEST TO THE POWERS

Washington, February 22.—Russia is addressing to the powers, either through their representatives at St. Petersburg, the emperor's envoys abroad, or probably through both, a vigorous communication, charging Japan with repeated violations of the laws of nations, first as the note alleges in threatening to attack a neutral port, Chemulpo, Korea, unless the Russian ships within come out to face an overwhelming force, and second, in attacking Port Arthur before war had been declared, and while the Japanese minister at St. Petersburg was still enjoying the protection and the courtesies of the Russian government, to which it is claimed he had just previously addressed a communication expressing his belief that the interruption of diplomatic relations between the two countries.

GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE CONCENTRATING WARSHIPS

Special Cable. Hong Kong, February 22.—A British squadron is concentrating at Hong Kong, while a corresponding French concentration is taking place at Saigon. It is believed this is the result of an Anglo-French understanding.

See Thursday's Constitution for Leading Merchants' Midweek Bargains

Southerners Endorse Swamp-Root

Strong Statements Come Direct from Those Cured by Swamp-Root, the Wonderful Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

"Constitution" Reporters are Given Proof of Wonderful Results by the Use of Swamp-Root.

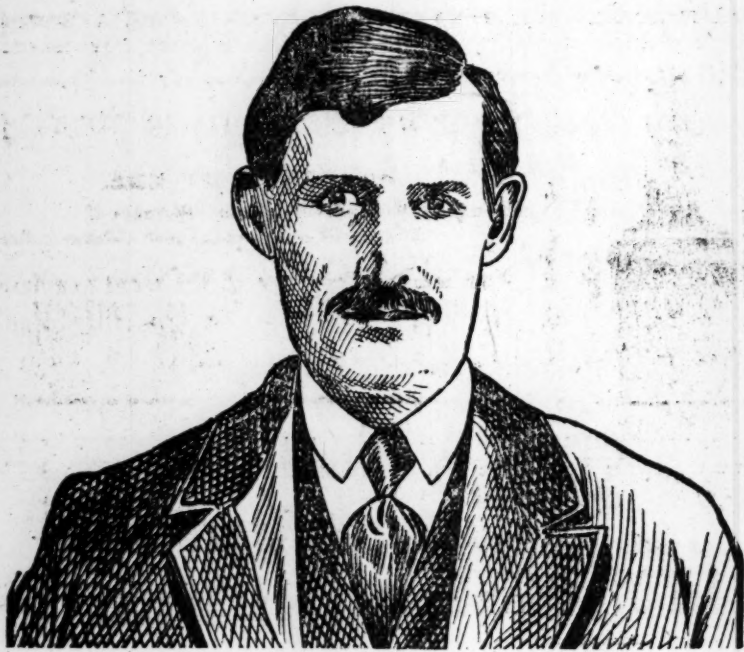
CURED BY SWAMP-ROOT.



MR. W. M. NEW, Of Hulan, Alabama.

HULAN, Ala., January 29, 1903.
Editor of The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.:
Dear Sir: I was troubled with liver and kidney trouble for three years. I got so bad I could not work. I tried several medicines, but could get no relief, always getting worse. I was advised by a friend to try Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and I bought a 50c bottle and commenced taking it according to directions. Before I had taken the first bottle I felt better, and after taking several bottles I was cured sound and well, and have had no return of the disease. It has been two years since I was cured, and I still enjoy good health. I can gladly recommend SWAMP-ROOT to all who suffer from liver or kidney trouble. Will answer any inquiry from any poor sufferer in regard to SWAMP-ROOT. Yours truly,

W. M. New.



MR. T. C. WYNN, Of Bullochville, Ga.

To Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do for YOU, a Sample Bottle Will Be Sent Free by Mail.

EDITORIAL NOTICE—Swamp-Root is the new discovery of the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and taken by doctors themselves, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy that has ever been discovered.

So successful is Swamp-Root in promptly curing even the most distressing cases, that to prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and say that you read this generous offer in The Atlanta Daily Constitution. The Proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle. For sale at all Drug Stores—Fifty Cents and One Dollar.

Saved From Grave by Swamp-Root.



BURTSBORO, Ga., Oct. 3, 1903.
Editor of The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.:
Dear Sir: My little daughter, five years old, was very low with kidney disease. She never walked a step for over fifteen months; she would swell all over at times and she could not pass urine for from 24 to 48 hours.
I had five of the best doctors attending her, but she did not seem to improve much under their treatment. I had almost given her up when a friend of mine recommended Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. I bought two small bottles and by the time she had taken one and one-half bottles she could walk across the room.
She has taken two large bottles and five small ones, and now she is well and seems all right. Next to God, I thank Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root for her life and health. I know it is all that is claimed for it, and will take pleasure in recommending it to all sick and afflicted.
Yours truly,
CHAS. E. CRAWFORD.

POSTMASTER RECOMMENDS SWAMP-ROOT



G. L. GAMBELIN.

Mr. B. L. Gambelin, the popular postmaster at the thriving town of Wheelchel, Ga., had a bad case of kidney trouble in the fall of 1900. Having heard from many sources of the wonderful cure effected by Swamp-Root, he tried it. Here is what Mr. Gambelin says of his case:

WHEELCHEL, Ga., February 9, 1903.
Editor of The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.:
Dear Sir: In regard to SWAMP-ROOT I will say it is the most wonderful kidney remedy I ever used. In the fall of 1900 I was taken down with pain in my back. I tried several doctors, but they did me no good. A friend advised me to take SWAMP-ROOT, and I am glad to say it gave strength and perfect relief. You have my permission to use this statement, and I gladly recommend SWAMP-ROOT to all who are in need of a kidney remedy.
With best wishes, I remain,
Respectfully yours,
B. L. Gambelin.

Why Swamp-Root Gives Strength

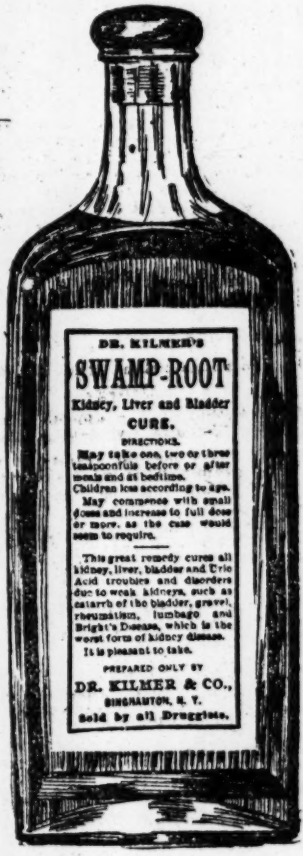
Almost every one, from personal experience, knows that the effects of any kind of severe physical strain are felt, first of all, in the small of the back—in other words, in those Vital Organs, the Kidneys. This is as true in the case of the very powerful man as it is with one of less strength, and it is especially true whenever the kidneys are weak.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Swamp-Root Strengthens the Kidneys, and through them helps all the other organs. When this Wonderful Discovery can put the human body into condition to stand hard work and tremendous strain, it is easy to understand how it has cured thousands in the more ordinary and less strenuous walks of life.

Swamp-Root Does All It's Recommended To Do

BULLOCHVILLE, Ga., April 4, 1903.
Editor of The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.:
Dear Sir: I cheerfully recommend Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT for kidney and liver trouble. I tried several doctors without any relief, and all kinds of medicine. But never found any relief until I tried Swamp-Root. I can heartily recommend it to all sufferers of kidney and liver trouble. It will certainly do all that it is recommended to do, and will make one strong and well.
You can publish this if you wish. Wishing you much success, I am,
Yours truly,
J. B. Wynn.



Swamp-Root is Pleasant to Take.

CRANK SEEKS ROOSEVELT WITH A NEW NAME SCHEME

WASHINGTON, February 22.—Edward Reigar, who gave his address as 271 South Clark street, Chicago, was arrested at the white house today and locked up pending an inquiry into his mental condition. Reigar evidently is of unbalanced mind.

He has written many letters to the president suggesting that people be named in accordance with their occupations. Thus he maintains that a dealer in wood should be named Wood, a carpenter be named Carpenter and so on throughout the list of names. He says that the present scheme of naming people has caused a war among the flies, which may be ended only by the adoption of his suggestion.

For many weeks the secret service officers have been on the lookout for him and when he appeared today he was promptly placed in custody. Reigar desired to see the president to ascertain why his letters had not been answered. When he was searched a loaded revolver and a box of cartridges were found in his pockets. The officers had no difficulty in getting him away from the white house. He was taken to police headquarters, where he was turned over to the authorities. Reigar says he is a miner and railroad man. He arrived here Saturday night.

HOAR CLASHES WITH FORAKER

Sharp Colloquy in the Senate at Short Range.

Hoar Announces His Intention To Vote for the Canal Treaty, Claiming That His Former Speech Had Been Unjustly Criticized.

Washington, February 22.—The feature of today's session of the senate, next to the last day for the consideration of Panama canal treaty, was characterized by a speech from Mr. Hoar in explanation of his former speech on the isthmian situation. He complained of the criticisms made of his utterances at that time, saying that he had been misunderstood and misrepresented, and contended that his intention on that occasion had been to secure full information concerning the Panama revolt and not to cast reflections upon the president. On the contrary, he had the highest regard for that official and intended to vote for the treaty.

Mr. Foraker was mentioned among others who had criticized the first speech and after Mr. Hoar had concluded the Ohio senator responded, contending that he had not meant to unjustly reflect on Mr. Hoar, but at the same time attempting to justify his remarks by quoting from Mr. Hoar's original speech. Mr. Hoar replied, accusing Mr. Foraker not only with having misrepresented him on the first occasion, but with misrepresenting him today.

Sharp Colloquy at Short Range.
The result was a sharp colloquy at short range, and when it came to a conclusion the two senators did not appear to have approached any nearer to an understanding than at the beginning. Mr. Hoar accepted the president's disclaimer of the complexity on the part of the United States in the Panama revolt. He said the independence of Panama is an accomplished fact, and all the senate had to do was to deal with the treaty on its merits.

Repeating his intention of supporting the treaty Mr. Hoar said he believed the ratification would be accomplished without any taint of dishonor and he experienced the satisfaction of feeling that he had done something to put the transaction on that level.

When the controversy between Messrs. Hoar and Foraker had been concluded, Mr. Carmack took the floor. He said he had no desire to participate in "the laundry work going on the other side," but that he wanted to speak to another branch of the canal question. His remarks constituted a severe arraignment of Minister Bunau-Varilla and included a review of the circumstances of the old canal company. He charged that the present minister had taken advantage of the situation to wreck the enterprise for the purpose of enriching himself and he added that the irony of fate was illustrated in the circumstance that while Dr. Reineck had committed suicide Bunau-Varilla had been sent as a minister to the United States.

What Cromwell Gets.
Mr. Carmack declared that the Panama Canal Company had no title to the canal right of way. He said he had heard that attorney Cromwell was to have \$2,000,000 for his part in the transaction.
Mr. Culom followed with a carefully prepared address in support of the treaty. He quoted official papers to show that neither the United States nor Colombia could have been surprised at the secession of Panama and argued that the American administration being thus warned could not have done less than be prepared for it. It had been definitely determined that no official of the United States had any part in the isthmian revolt.

Mr. Culberson called up and withdrew his resolution directing the committee on the judiciary to investigate the constitutional right of Panama to secede and form a government. Before withdrawing the resolution Mr. Culberson briefly discussed its purpose, saying that any action of the senate in connection with the Panama canal treaty would be a recognition of the secession of the southern states in 1861. The senate adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow.

TALK ON ETERNAL QUESTION.

Phi Kappa Literary Society Observes Birthday.
Athens, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—The eighty-fourth anniversary of the Phi Kappa Literary Society was celebrated appropriately this morning at the chapel of the University of Georgia in the presence of quite a large number of students of the university, Lucy Cobb girls and citizens. A. G. Gougeon, of Crawfordville, acted as master of ceremonies and introduced in a fitting manner the orator of the day, Eugene T. Talmadge, of Forsyth, who delivered an interesting address.

Mr. Talmadge spoke on the subject of "The Eternal Question," viewing it from the standpoint of the race problem in the south. His remarks were directed principally to the question of colonization of the negro race, which he advocated strongly. During his remarks he referred to the views of Thomas Dixon, author of the "Leopard's Spots," and told of three chapters of that book, which the author had omitted after writing them and for which he was indebted to Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Atlanta, for the purposes of this address.

officers have been on the lookout for him and when he appeared today he was promptly placed in custody. Reigar desired to see the president to ascertain why his letters had not been answered. When he was searched a loaded revolver and a box of cartridges were found in his pockets. The officers had no difficulty in getting him away from the white house. He was taken to police headquarters, where he was turned over to the authorities. Reigar says he is a miner and railroad man. He arrived here Saturday night.

An examination of his effects disclosed copies of several letters he had written to the president and some documents indicating that he was interested in patent devices.

WAR IS COMING IN THE BALKANS

Alarmist View Taken by Turkish Minister to America.

Checkib Bey Says That the Bulgarians Are Assuming an Attitude Which Will Force the Turks To Fight in Self-Defense.

Washington, February 22.—Checkib Bey, the Turkish minister at Washington, believes war in the Balkans is impending. In a conversation the minister today said:

"I have prevented my transmitting heretofore an important communication which I received from my government several days ago about the reported trouble in the Roumanian provinces. I hope to see the secretary of state some time this week and have a conference with him on this subject. To correct the false impression which already, I fear, has gained ground in this country about the attitude of my country toward the reforms in Roumania, I shall give you the substance of the telegram from my foreign office. It is to this effect:

"The porte most strenuously denounces as maliciously false the reports which have been given wide circulation in certain European papers that trouble is brewing in Roumania because of the failure of the imperial government to carry out the promised reforms there. The facts in the case are that the imperial government is fulfilling to the letter its pledges, the reforms are being vigorously inaugurated and there is no trouble brewing in the section as reported."

The Balkan Situation.
Of the Balkan situation, Checkib Bey, who has had considerable experience in that section, said:

"Although my advice are meager, the news I got indicated that the Bulgarians are assuming an attitude and pursuing a course which it will be impossible for the imperial government to submit much longer to with patience. It is reported that they are arming the inhabitants, stirring up strife in Macedonia and doing everything possible to harass the imperial government. I believe this is true, but if the reports be true, hostilities in the Balkans can not be much longer averted."

"Do you think it probable that Turkey will address a note to the powers on this subject?" the minister was asked.
"I was interested," he replied, "in see republished some days ago the note of last year, in which Turkey clearly announced her position, and called the attention of the powers to the unbearable conduct of Bulgaria. While not new, the contents of the note were most timely, and what was said then on this point can be with truth reiterated."

"Let me repeat that I hope the reports of the activities of the Bulgarians are exaggerated, but if they contain a measure of truth, the situation there is truly critical."

Servia Wants No War.

Paris, February 22.—M. Hovitz, the Serbian minister here, said today: "France and Austria would intervene in order to prevent a change in the status quo. Moreover, war would be dangerous. I believe that the economic disaster and the financial and industrial situation of the principalities would be gravely affected by the war. Servia only asks to be allowed to collaborate in the work of applying the reforms in Macedonia."

B. H. S. ALUMNI BANQUETED.

More Than One Hundred Graduates of the School Gathered at the Kimball House.

The first annual banquet of the Alumni association of the Boys' High School, which was held last evening in the Kimball house, was a signal success. More than 100 of the Alumni were present and 25 of the 30 graduating classes of the last year were represented. The banquet was presided over by James L. Mason, the president of the alumni association. Speeches were made by Prof. W. M. Slaton, principal of the Boys' High School; Francis H. Bell, Stephen A. Ryan, the principal of the city high school; Judge John R. Broyles, Thomas Reed, of Athens, and others. At the close of the evening the business session was held. This resulted in the adoption of the constitution and by-laws of the association and the transaction of other business.

A banquet of the alumni of the institution will be held every year and the enthusiasm that was in evidence last evening indicates that the second annual banquet will be even more successful than the first.

CALVE FAINTS ON THE STAGE

Physician Found Her Suffering from a Weakened Heart.

New York, February 22.—Mme. Calve fainted tonight on the stage of the Metropolitan opera house towards the close of the performance of "Cavalleria Rusticana." Herr Dippel and two stage hands carried her from the stage and the curtain was rung down. Mme. Calve did not reappear in Cavalleria, her place being taken by an understudy, and after about five minutes interruption, the opera was resumed.

A physician found Mme. Calve suffering from a weakened heart, but he sanctioned her appearance in the last number of the programme, the prize scene from "Mefistofele." Mme. Calve had an extracted tooth, extracted on Saturday, and since she has not been feeling well, to which the fainting attack was ascribed.

Will Fight Raise of Rates.
Columbus, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—Columbus business men are agitated over the proposition of the Southeastern Traffic association to raise fire insurance rates in this city. A conference has been held between committees from the board of trade and city council, and Joseph Raine and A. C. Murdoch, representing the tariff association. It is thought that the matter will be adjusted without the increase of rates, as it is understood that the city is willing to make any reasonable improvements or changes suggested by the fire insurance companies.

SLAVS CURSE UNITED STATES

Anti-American Feeling at Prague Results in a Riot.

Vienna, February 22.—The disturbance created at Prague yesterday by several Slav students following a service of intercession in the Russian church there for the success of Russian arms was more serious than was at first reported. Before the beginning of the service fighting occurred between the opposing factions and several students were injured. Fully 1,000 students proceeded toward the United States consulate to make a hostile demonstration, but were prevented by the police. After the service the mayor and officials of Prague were given an ovation by the students, who shouted: "Long live Russia and France" and "Down with Great Britain, the United States and Germany."

Students and others who attempted to make pro-Russian speeches were severely beaten.

ARTHUR LAING SURRENDERS.

Killed His Brother in Law—Is Now in Calhoun County Jail.
Dawson, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—Arthur Laing, who killed his brother in law, E. E. Mourning, Friday morning, has, it is learned, surrendered to the Calhoun county authorities and is now confined in jail in that county. A number of prominent lawyers have been employed and a stubborn legal battle for Laing's liberty will be waged.

NOBLE CHOSEN BY ROOSEVELT

Pennsylvania Railroad Engineer Offered Place on Canal Commission.

Washington, February 22.—President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania railroad, had a conference today with the president regarding the acceptance by Alfred Noble, the distinguished engineer long connected with the Pennsylvania system of an appointment on the Panama canal commission which has been offered him by the president.

Mr. Noble has direct supervision of many of the great engineering projects of the Pennsylvania railroad including the tunnel under the North River at New York. Naturally Pennsylvania officials do not wish to relinquish him. In his talk with the president Mr. Cassatt indicated that feeling to him, although he does not wish to stand in the way of the government's securing Mr. Noble's service. Thus far Mr. Noble has not indicated whether he will accept the president's tender or not.

President Roosevelt has tendered an appointment on the canal commission to John Garber, a well-known mining lawyer, of San Francisco. Some time ago strong pressure was brought to bear on the president by Senators Perkins and Bard, of California, and by other members of that state's congressional delegation to secure the appointment of Chester Powell, formerly a state senator of California, on the canal commission. After careful consideration of the subject the president concluded to tender the appointment to Garber. He notified Senators Perkins and Bard of his decision last Saturday. Both senators were at the white house today, presumably again to talk to the president about the matter, but they declined to discuss it for publication. Mr. Garber's answer to the president's proffer has not been received.

SAILORS SAVED WHEN HOPELESS

Crew of the Willie L. Newton, from Brunswick, Rescued.

New York, February 22.—The British steamer Milmac, which arrived today from Huelva, brought into port seven shipwrecked seamen, the captain and crew of the schooner Willie L. Newton which they abandoned at sea in latitude 37.30, longitude 72.08.

The Milmac sighted the distressed schooner four hours after the steamer York Castle had abandoned the attempt to rescue the crew of the wrecked vessel. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon of February 21 the first officer of the Milmac and five seamen launched a life boat and after considerable difficulty succeeded in transferring safely all hands from the wreck. Captain Norwood, of the Newton, said the vessel had heavy southwest gales with huge cross seas which tossed the schooner so violently that the rudder head was twisted off. The schooner strained so violently that the crew were unable to dip out the water and the vessel became waterlogged and unmanageable.

The Willie L. Newton sailed from Brunswick, Ga., on February 14 with a full cargo of lumber, bound for New York.

Thrown from His Buggy.

Mobile, Ala., February 22.—General J. W. Whiting, president of the Peoples Bank, was thrown out of his buggy this afternoon on the shell road by a sudden reap of his horse, and suffered a severe shock and broken ribs.

LIVES ARE LOST BY HUNDREDS

Catastrophe Follows the Breaking of Dam in China.

Tien Tsin, February 22.—A telegram from Tsinan-Fu, Shantung, says that hundreds of lives have been lost by the bursting of a dam in the Hwang-Ho. Several villages were destroyed.

TALK ON ETERNAL QUESTION.

Phi Kappa Literary Society Observes Birthday.
Athens, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—The eighty-fourth anniversary of the Phi Kappa Literary Society was celebrated appropriately this morning at the chapel of the University of Georgia in the presence of quite a large number of students of the university, Lucy Cobb girls and citizens. A. G. Gougeon, of Crawfordville, acted as master of ceremonies and introduced in a fitting manner the orator of the day, Eugene T. Talmadge, of Forsyth, who delivered an interesting address.

Mr. Talmadge spoke on the subject of "The Eternal Question," viewing it from the standpoint of the race problem in the south. His remarks were directed principally to the question of colonization of the negro race, which he advocated strongly. During his remarks he referred to the views of Thomas Dixon, author of the "Leopard's Spots," and told of three chapters of that book, which the author had omitted after writing them and for which he was indebted to Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Atlanta, for the purposes of this address.

WOUNDS KILL ATLANTA MAN.

Alexander Parker Succumbs to His Injuries at Bloomington.

Bloomington, Ind., February 22.—(Special.)—Alexander Parker, of Atlanta, died last night as the result of bullet wounds received some time ago in a duel with a highway near this city. Parker, with Roy Colson, a neighbor. Both were wounded, but Parker has been in a critical condition for months. Parker resented an insinuation by Colson of family improprieties, and pistols were drawn, both continuing to fire till their pistols were emptied. Colson has been placed under arrest.

Legislative Candidates Announced.

Athens, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—This morning James Y. Carithers announced for the senate from the twenty-seventh senatorial district, composed of the counties of Clarke, Oconee, Walton, Newton and Rockdale, it being Clarke county's time to name the senator. Captain Jephtha H. Rucker, another prominent Athenian, has made his announcement as a candidate for the house from Clarke county.

OPPENHEIM'S BULLETIN

"ONLY THE BEST OF EVERYTHING"

IT MAKES A DIFFERENCE
WHAT WHISKEY YOU BUY
OPPENHEIM'S FOR YOUR SICK
IS PUREST AND BEST

OPPENHEIM'S No. 14, Full Quart \$1.50;
Gallon \$5.00.
OPPENHEIM'S Mistletoe, Full Qt. \$1.00;
Gallon \$3.50.

YOUR MONEY BACK IF DISSATISFIED

THREE STORES: 7-9 E. ALABAMA (Wholesale)
33 N. FORSYTH (Prudential)
127 N. PRYOR

THE CINCINNATI AT BANQUET

Annual Meeting of Society
for Georgia and Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., February 22.—(Special.) The annual meeting of the Society of the Cincinnati for the state of Georgia was held today at noon at the court house. The membership of the society in this state is very limited, so that there was not a large attendance. Walter Charlton was re-elected president and G. Noble Jones secretary.

Tonight the annual banquet of the society was held at Hotel DeSoto. Those present were Walter G. Charlton, G. Noble Jones, G. A. Mercer, Jr., A. D. Harden, G. F. Tennille, F. F. Jones, G. W. Wyly, Jr., Rev. James Y. Fair, D.D., and Hon. William Harden, all of Savannah; W. H. Milton, Marianna, Fla.; F. Althoff Foster, New York; Rev. L. W. Eckard, Easton, Pa.; T. Savage Clay, New York; W. B. Burroughs, Brunswick, Ga.; George T. Handley, Walthamville, Ga.; and George C. Matthews, New York.

Last night, at the Independent Presbyterian church, the society held its Georgia Washington memorial service, the sermon being preached by Rev. Mr. Eckard, of Easton, Pa. He said that Washington was the truest and greatest patriot that this country has ever known, and that he was unselfish in all things. In the light of his resplendent career, said the speaker, Washington seems a special creation. His story will never grow old or dwindle from the teller. Mr. Eckard dwelt upon the refusal of Washington to permit his officers to carry out their offer of making him an emperor.

The sermon was particularly appropriate for the reason that it was the eve of Washington's birthday, a day that the Society of the Cincinnati observes with its annual meetings. The Society of the Cincinnati in Georgia was organized in September, 1783. In May of the year continental officers had met at the Verplank house, near Fishkill-on-the-Hudson, to organize a military organization to commemorate the securing of peace and the independence of the United States, as well as to form a tie among the officers and with the right of membership to descend to their eldest sons. Hon. Walter G. Charlton, of this city, is president general of the national organization, a position that was held by George Washington. Those intermediate between the first and the present president general were: 1800 Major General Alexander Hamilton, New York; 1805, Major General Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, South Carolina; 1825, Major General Thomas Pinckney, South Carolina; 1829, Major General Aaron Ogden, New Jersey; 1844, Brevet Major William Popham, New York; 1854, Hon. Hamilton Fish, New York; 1898, Hon. William Wayne, Pennsylvania; 1902, Hon. Winslow Warren, Massachusetts.

JUDGE WINTER SUDDENLY DIES

Was Writing Will in His
Office When Death Came
to Him.

Montgomery, Ala., February 22.—(Special.) Judge John G. Winter, judge of the newly created circuit of Alabama, died suddenly tonight. He was writing a will for a friend who had called at his office when he suddenly expired.

Sir Leslie Stephen, London.

London, February 22.—Sir Leslie Stephen, president of the Ethical Society, is dead. He was born in 1832.

Mrs. Jack Kelley, Carrollton, Ga.

Carrollton, Ga., February 22.—(Special.) Mrs. Jack Kelley, wife of Carroll county's former clerk of the superior court, who has lived here for more than twenty-five years, died at her home in this city Sunday night after a lingering illness from heart trouble.

To Be Interred in Arlington.

Norfolk, Va., February 22.—The remains of Dr. Martin Ellsworth Hall, United States navy, retired, who died at the naval hospital late Sunday night, were shipped to Washington tonight for interment in Arlington.

John Ewens, Asheville, N. C.

Asheville, N. C., February 22.—The remains of John Ewens, who died Saturday evening at 7 o'clock at the Wynnham sanitarium, in this city, were shipped from Asheville to St. Louis this afternoon. The deceased up to the time of his illness, one year ago, was assistant United States engineer at Vicksburg, and had charge of river gauges between St. Louis and the Red river. He was a high authority on the hydraulic conditions of the Mississippi river. Ewens was born in Troy, N. Y., 45 years ago. He was a graduate of the technological institute in this city.

Mrs. W. B. Peebles, Columbus, Miss.

Columbus, Miss., February 22.—(Special.) Mrs. W. B. Peebles died this morning after a short illness. Her death was immediately caused from the effects of blood poisoning, arising from an operation performed a short time ago. A husband and three children survive her. The remains were carried to Vienna, Ala., the old home of the family, for interment.

T. B. Hodge, Valdosta, Ga.

Valdosta, Ga., February 22.—(Special.) Thomas B. Hodge, a well known and popular citizen of Valdosta, died at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after an illness of about an hour. Mr. Hodge was attacked with bilious colic, and despite the best medical attention succumbed to the attack. He was a member of the well known Hodge family of this county, and was about 60 years old.

Any Cough or Cold

Can be promptly cured with Mosley's Lemon Hot Drops, price 25 cents at all drug stores.

Interment in Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., February 22.—(Special.) The remains of Miss Jesse McMillan, who died in Atlanta yesterday, the result of an operation, were brought to this city this morning, and the funeral occurred this afternoon from the residence of Rufus Jones. Miss McMillan was 47 years old and a member of the Methodist church. Her mother, two sisters and three brothers survive her.

WOMAN STOLE FROM PAYNES

Mrs. French Admits Robbing
Family of Postmaster
General.

New York, February 22.—Mrs. Agnes French, recently employed as a nurse in the family of Postmaster General Payne, in Washington, was arrested today in Brooklyn by central office detectives. She is said to have decamped last Thursday from the Arlington hotel, Washington, with \$100 in cash and about \$1,700 worth of jewelry belonging to Mrs. Payne and other members of the family. The theft was committed during the excitement attendant upon the funeral of Senator Hanna. Mrs. French was traced to this city and when brought to police headquarters, acknowledged her guilt, saying:

"I am guilty and I am willing to take the consequences. The fact is that I needed the money." She surrendered to the police \$55 in cash and about \$700 worth of jewelry and a handsome fur boa, which she had purchased with the proceeds of the theft, remarking:

"I might as well give this up too."

She will be handed over to the federal authorities tomorrow.

BIG STATE MEET DISCUSSED.

Emory, Tech and Georgia Managers

Met in Atlanta Yesterday Morning.

Manager Richardson, of Emory; Manager George Winslow, of the School of Technology, and Manager Winslow Nunnally, of the University of Georgia, met yesterday morning and spent the day in discussing plans for a big state track meet.

Swing to the impossibility of making all the necessary arrangements at once and finding many difficulties in the way in the shape of conflicting dates with the Atlanta baseball team and the Tech baseball team, no definite decision was reached.

Manager Nunnally returned to Athens last night and the matter will be further discussed at long distance. If it is possible to arrange the state meet it will be held in Atlanta.

If it is found that it is impossible to get a good date and make the proper arrangements Georgia and Tech will meet in a separate contest. If this meet is postponed or if it will take place some time in April, though the place has not yet been decided. As the last meet was held in Athens, the Techs will probably ask to have this one held here.

If the state meet is not arranged it is doubtful if Emory will enter track athletics.

HONORS COLLEGE BOYS.

Results of Half Yearly Examinations

Announced at the Marietta College.

In addition to the appropriate Washington's birthday exercises at the Marietta college yesterday the results of the half yearly examinations were announced and honors conferred on the successful students.

The first honor student was John Harrison, a son of Lawrence Harrison, and grandson of Major McCaslin. He received eight honors and was the only student in the college to receive more than seven. The honor list was as follows:

Seven Honors—Paul McGovern, Bernard Baer, Harry Downing, Carroll Tye. Six Honors—Jack Pappenhimer, Earle Walker, Edward Traynham, George Klein, Hilton Winbush.

Five Honors—Hughes Spalding, Joseph Gomez, Julius Trotti, Ogden Glover, L. Whittier.

Four Honors—Milton Dargan, Tom Thompson, Charles Thompson, Winslow McGovern, James Bouillon, William Dickey, Henry Peeples.

Three Honors—Milton Dargan, Tom Thompson, Charles Thompson, Winslow McGovern, James Bouillon, William Dickey, Henry Peeples. Received three honors, sixteen received two honors, and twenty-seven received one honor.

Captain Bennett, U. S. A., presented commissions to a number of new officers in the cadet battalion. These new officers are: Hughes Spalding, captain company A; Hulsey McGovern, third lieutenant company B; John Harrison, second lieutenant company A; Edward Traynham, second lieutenant company B. The Washington's birthday exercises were patriotic and appropriate. In the absence of Dr. Gunn, Father Rapier was in charge of the exercises.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

CHIEF OF POLICE JOHN W. BALL yesterday received a telegram from N. L. Lupton, of Roscoe, N. Y., stating that he would arrive in Atlanta this morning to take charge of his son, F. S. Lupton, who is held in the police station in a demented condition. Lupton was taken into custody several days ago. His father desires to take him home and Chief Ball wired him that it was not safe for the young man to travel alone.

THE DAMAGE SUIT OF MRS. JULIA A. Astro against J. P. Jones, A. V. Calloway, et al., was settled yesterday in the United States court for \$6,000 in favor of the plaintiff. Mrs. Astro was suing for injuries received in the Keely Conf. building, where a fire broke out. The building was repaired some time ago. Jones & Calloway are owners of the building. Mrs. Astro was represented by Attorney Reuben R. Arnold, Jr.

A PETITION IN VOLUNTARY BANKRUPTCY was filed yesterday in the United States court by Thompson, Odell & Son, merchants of Greenville, Ga. By order of Judge William T. Newman, United States Marshal Walter H. Johnson took charge of the business. The liabilities of the concern are placed at \$3,044.92 and the assets at \$1,600. J. M. Odell, a member of the firm, also filed a petition for voluntary bankruptcy, stating his liabilities to be \$1,850 and his assets \$4,106. Both petitions were filed by Attorneys Dean & Hobbs, of Gainesville.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY E. A. Angier and Chief Clerk Covington, of the attorney's office, will go to Newnan today to take part in the trial of two peonage cases. The defendants to be tried are J. H. Reid and John M. Prowlidge.

THE MEMBERS OF THE SENIOR class of Emory college held their annual class banquet at the Aragon last night. The forty members of the class enjoyed an excellent meal, after which speeches were heard from Professor P. Clyde Brown, of the department of English, the guest of honor of the occasion; Nolan A. Goodyear, president of the class; Thomas S. Staples, Judson N. Crabb, William F. Allen, Toba Weathers, and Charles N. Richardson.

THE LADIES' AUXILIARY TO THE Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, Atlanta Lodge No. 230, have arranged to give an entertainment next Wednesday night, February 24, at Bell's hall, 439 Marietta street. The evening's entertainment will consist of vocal and instrumental music, dialogue and recitations. The ladies have a number of splendid presents to be drawn for, and after the entertainment will present will have a chance in the drawing. Coupon tickets have been arranged, and each one entitles the possessor to a chance on more than a dozen valuable articles. Arrangements will be made whereby tickets can be secured at the door on the night of the entertainment. Refreshments will be served free.

DR. HENRY VAN DYKE, OF Princeton, N. J., will lecture before the Atlanta Lecture Association, at the Grand opera house here next Friday evening on "The Poetry of Browning." Dr. Van Dyke has lectured here before, but not on this subject.

MR. DAN McGUIRE, OF NEW YORK city, died at 5:45 p. m., February 22, in this city. He was sick only a short time with pneumonia.

MRS. FRANCES M. BRICKELL, aged 72, died early last night at the home of her son in law, Wiley A. Cash, in East Point, after an illness of two weeks. Mrs. Brickell leaves a husband, D. C. Brickell, and five daughters, Mrs. R. F. Baker, of New York; Mrs. J. L. Signs, of Hapeville; Mrs. Emma Murphy, of East Point; Mrs. Rula Powell, of Atlanta; and Mrs. Wiley A. Cash, of East Point. The funeral will take place Wednesday morning from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Cash, and the interment will be at Mt. Zion.

RESTAURANT IS OPENED.

Ladies of the Sheltering Arms Yesterday Commenced Serving Dinners.

The ladies of the Sheltering Arms yesterday began serving dinners in the restaurant of Carl Witt, on Marietta street. A large crowd attended the restaurant during the dinner hour. The ladies of Inman Park have charge today.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Monday, February 22, 1904.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

25. Argument concluded.

26. Fitch Knox vs. J. S. Cook. Submitted.

27. Ragdale, Harper & Weathers vs. Southern Railway Co. Argued.

28. Southern Railway Co. v. P. J. Parhamore. Argued.

29. Thomas Blake et al. v. Forsyth Chair Co. Submitted.

30. John Williams v. Wiley Mangum. Submitted.

31. G. W. Brooke v. Western Union Telegraph Co. Argued.

32. W. P. Burt v. Stooks Coal Co. Argued.

33. and 34. Kennesaw Gunno Co. v. Wappoo Mills, and vice versa. Argued.

Tell Me Who Needs Help

Just a Postal. That is all.

No money is wanted from you nor from him. I ask only a postal card, and I ask it as a duty for most of them can never get well without it.

I will send him my book. I will arrange with a druggist near by that he may take six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. He may take it a month at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost is \$5.00. If it fails, I will pay the druggist myself. And the sick one's mere word decides it.

Child, I meet you for even ten minutes—I would forever convince you that I have what these sick ones need. More than that, they may get it for most of them can never get well without it.

But I can meet only a few, so I take this means to convince you. Let me take it a month to prove what it can do, and you can pay, or I will pay, just as you decide. I have found the cured ones dear. In the past twelve years I have furnished my Restorative to hundreds of thousands on these terms, and 30,000 of each 40 have paid—and paid gladly because they were cured. I will pay just as willingly if you say I have failed.

My Restorative is the result of my lifetime's work in learning how to strengthen the inside nerves.

I don't doctor the organs, but I bring back the nerve power which alone operates every vital organ. I give the weak organs power to do its duty, as you would give a weak engine more steam.

My war never fails, save when a cause-like cancer—makes a cure impossible. No case is too difficult, for I have watched the remedy succeed in the most desperate cases that physicians ever meet.

You know some sick one who would be well with my help. Won't you let me furnish the help?

Write now—today. Dr. Shoop, Box 8678, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, nerve chronic, are often cured with one or two bottles.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

Book 1 on Dyspepsia Book 2 for Women

Book 3 on the Heart Book 4 for Men (sealed)

Book 5 on the Kidneys Book 6 on Stricture

At The Doctor's Risk

\$25.00 PREMIUM FREE

OPEN TO EVERYBODY.

We have produced from the very best materials the market affords a new BOTTLED BEER that will be put on the market early this spring. All that skill and science can accomplish has been concentrated in the manufacture of this delightful, wholesome and nutritious beverage.

We have not as yet determined what name to give this Bottled Beer, and hereby offer a premium of \$25.00 in Cash to the person sending us the most suitable and appropriate name for it. Use coupon below, and each person will be permitted to send at least three names.

Our decision in the matter will be made on the 15th of March. All letters bearing cancellation date as late as the 12th of March will be accepted. We reserve the right to reject any and all names if in our judgment the names are not suitable and appropriate.

ATLANTA BREWING AND ICE COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

Telephones 1249.

Brewers and Bottlers High Grade Beers.

Atlanta Brewing and Ice Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen:—I propose the following names for your new Bottled Beer:

First Suggestion.

Second Suggestion.

Third Suggestion.

Name, Write your name and address on the above line.

LEAKEN FOUND MANY CASES

Returns from Cuba Where
He Has Been Looking for
Smugglers.

Savannah, Ga., February 22.—(Special.) Special Assistant United States Attorney General W. R. Leaken returned today from Cuba, where he went to prosecute his investigations of smuggling cases.

He reports that he found that many goods other than cigars had been smuggled into and disposed of in this country, and that there will be \$5,000 more coming to the government from those who will have to make good the duties that were temporarily evaded. The recipients of these goods are to be found in Savannah and other cities, Mr. Leaken said. Secret service officers have informed Mr. Leaken that they are ready with information that will cause a tremendous sensation in Charleston, S. C. It has developed that the cigar smugglers sent thousands of cigars to Charleston, and many of the prominent dealers of that city will be forced to make good duties that the cigars originally avoided. They will have to pay up or be prosecuted, and Mr. Leaken thinks they will pay, as those caught in Savannah have done.

MRS. WOOD MUST GO TO JAIL.

Governor Refuses to Grant Reprieve Until Her Application Can Be Heard.

Mrs. W. J. Wood will not be granted a reprieve by Governor Terrell until her application for executive clemency can be heard and passed upon by the prison commission.

Mrs. Wood, as is well known, is under a sentence of two years in the state penitentiary, imposed by Fulton superior court for assault with intent to murder her husband. The supreme court refused to grant a new trial, and it is expected the remittitur will be returned today and Mrs. Wood taken to jail.

Attorneys for Mrs. Wood, R. B. Blackburn and Westmoreland Bros., applied to the prison commission for a reprieve for Mrs. Wood, under which she might remain at liberty on bond until her application for clemency could be determined. This request was referred to Governor Terrell, who informed the attorneys that he could not grant it, but that he would have no objection to the sheriff retaining Mrs. Wood in the Fulton county jail until her application can be heard. Mrs. Wood will, therefore, be sent to the Tower, and whether she will be retained there for the present or sent at once to the state prison farm at Milledgeville will depend upon the pleasure of the sheriff in the matter. Mrs. Wood's application for clemency, which asks that her sentence be reduced from two years in the penitentiary to a fine, the same as for a misdemeanor, will be heard by the prison commission during the first week in March.

ATLANTA LADIES WERE THERE.

Ball at Hotel Poinciana, Palm Beach, Was Brilliant One.

Palm Beach, Fla., February 22.—(Special.)—At the Washington's birthday ball tonight, in the Royal Poinciana ball room, there were fully one thousand dancers. Among them were Colonel John Jacob Astor, Dr. Seward Webb, of Philadelphia; Miss Sarah Peel, of Atlanta, and Miss Esther C. Hall, of Atlanta. The favors distributed were magnificent.

Murray Hill Club Whiskey.
MELLOWED BY AGE.
This Particular Brand
For Particular People.
Has caught the taste of the most exacting.
JOS. A. MAGNUS & CO.,
121-123-125 E. Eighth St.,
CINCINNATI.

THE THEATERS.

At the Grand.
What was advertised as "Haverty's Mastodon Minstrels" was the attraction at the Grand last night. There were enough songs and jokes in the first part of the entertainment to evoke much laughter, especially from the gallery. Incidentally some of the songs needed editing rather badly. Things cheered up considerably in the second part and two or three more or less clever specialties were introduced. Billy Van, in monologue and songs, proved to be the most popular of the attractions offered. The musical specialties of Mazier and Conley and the acrobatic work of the Young brothers were next in favor. The performance wound up with a so-called negro diversity entitled "In the Moonlight."

At the Bijou.
Nothing approaching the delightful performance given last night at the Bijou has been seen this season at the popular playhouse. The play is "His Last Dollar" and the author, David Higgins, evokes the principal role. That he made a bit of huge proportions none will deny who witnessed the performance last night. Grace Atwell ran the favorite close second, and her charming work was doubtless responsible for a great measure of the success of the piece. "His Last Dollar" has some of the flavor of "The Henchman," but it has more dramatic action, and the interest is never allowed to flag even for an instant. The audience last night was thoroughly delighted, and if indications are to be relied upon the Bijou should do one of the largest weeks of the season with this week's bill.

"The Storcks" is announced for Saturday afternoon and evening at the Grand.

THEY RESPOND TO THE APPEAL

Macon Citizens Contribute
to State Building at the
World's Fair.

Macon, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—That the chamber of commerce will not lose anything by having pledged Commissioners Hughes, Washington and Barret the \$1,000 balance of the \$2,500 expected from Macon and Bibb county for the Georgia building at the world's fair in St. Louis, was fully demonstrated today when the committee appointed to gather in the shooks made its report. The committee was divided into four parts and each was sent into a different section of the city. Although the members did not start hustling until late and only covered a small portion of the allotted territory, nearly all the money was raised. The remaining territory will be canvassed tomorrow, and it is thought there will be no difficulty whatever in securing the remaining money. Since the chamber of commerce listened to the addresses of the three commissioners considerable enthusiasm has been shown and the chamber of commerce is determined the commissioners shall have the \$2,500 asked for from this city and county.

Mrs. Woodruff Elected Librarian.

Newman, Ga., February 22.—(Special.) The board of education this afternoon elected Mrs. D. B. Woodruff librarian of the Carnegie library for the coming year. Professor B. B. Pickett was also elected superintendent of the city schools for another year. Both appointments meet with universal approval.

WEAK, DISCOURAGED MEN Should Come To Me.

Men whose manhood is diminishing—and there are thousands of them—owe it to themselves to take prompt steps to relieve a condition which will lead to misery and helplessness. Loss of vigor comes from many and varied causes, such as mental strain, overwork, indiscretions, etc., and the mistake is usually made of not realizing the importance of being treated properly. I want to talk with every man who has the slightest symptom of an impairment of his vitality, for the importance of this matter cannot be overestimated. At no other time of life does a man need more the services of a skillful specialist. Some men are allured by tempting offers of "free samples," trial treatment, etc., which are often dangerous stimulants and are sure to injure the system. You cannot afford to experiment with your system when such important and delicate organs are involved. I give each case individual treatment, and my original perfect methods and prompt and sure in bringing back strength and vigor to men of all ages. My treatment is not a temporary stimulant, but is a positive cure and has proven successful in even the most obstinate cases. Every man is invited to call for confidential consultation, for which I make no charge. If you cannot call send for booklet, and also symptom blank, which explains fully my successful plan of home treatment.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.,

33 Inman Bldg., 22 1-2 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. Office hours 8:30 a. m. to 5 p. m., Sunday 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

A Fine Appearance.



Like Ben Ahmed's cheer, it may mean fish, flesh or fowl. In the parlance of the specialist store, it is either furnishings or hats or clothing or shoes. But one's no more "sauce" to our business than another. We sell them all; insisting, only, that we get the best in the market.

Pretty fine choosing yet in Men's fancy cheviot suits, single and double-breasted—handsome Winter styles.

Formerly \$12.50 to \$35.00

Now \$10.00 to \$25.00.

MUSE'S

3-5-7
WHITEHALL.

**THERE'S a difference in
HATS**
aside from the difference in Price.
Quality comes first, of course, but
STYLE is really the main difference.
There's a vast difference between a

DUNLAP
Hat and the ordinary kind in both
STYLE AND QUALITY.

We are Sole Agents.

10 Whitehall
17 Decatur **LAW BROS. CO.**

JUDGE SCORES STRAW BONDS

Judge Lumpkin Declares
Present Practice Must
Cease.

In passing upon a motion of the Standard Coal Company to require F. L. Wood to strengthen the bond in a garnishment proceeding, Judge Joseph H. Lumpkin took occasion to speak of local justices of the peace for their lax methods in no uncertain terms. The purport of his remarks was to the effect that once and for all the practice of accepting straw bond in such cases must be immediately stopped.

Some time ago Wood instituted suit against the Standard Coal Company for \$5,000 damages for alleged false arrest. Later he swore out two garnishments against the company, the first being prosecuted by a bond of \$10,000 signed by a boy 17 years old. This was dismissed upon the failure of the plaintiff to strengthen the bond.

Wood later swore out a second garnishment against the Standard Coal Company, and E. A. Alder signed the bond. It is claimed that Alder is insolvent and a non-resident. The coal company claims that Wood is using the garnishment proceedings for the purpose of annoying and harassing its business interests. At the instance of the company, Judge Lumpkin last Saturday signed a temporary injunction restraining Wood from having further garnishments issued unless he first gave sufficient bond. The petition further asked that Wood be required to strengthen the bond in the second case, which was brought before Judge Lumpkin. At the hearing of the motion yesterday morning, Judge Lumpkin gave Wood until 9 o'clock this morning to strengthen his bond.

It was at this time that Judge Lumpkin took occasion to say that the de-

Badly
Shattered Nerves
and Weak Heart.
Too Nervous to Sleep
or Rest.

**Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and
Nervine Cured Me.**

A shattered nervous system nearly always leads to some affection of the heart, especially where the patient's heart is weak from hereditary or other causes. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is not only a great heart regulator, but it is a blood tonic which speedsily corrects and regulates the heart's action, enriches the blood and improves the circulation. It will build you up just as it did Mr. Crawford whose letter follows, and greatly improve your general health:

"I have been so greatly benefited by Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure that I freely recommend them as the best remedies for the diseases they are recommended to cure. When I began taking these medicines I weighed scarcely 140 pounds, my nerves were badly shattered and my heart troubled me a great deal. I had pain in my left arm and shoulder, had difficulty in sleeping on my left side, had frequent smothering spells and my heart would flutter and palpitate. I could eat scarcely any kind of food without suffering great distress, and was so restless and nervous that I slept little night or day. Now I am never bothered with my heart, my nerves are steady as a die, I sleep well, eat well and weigh 163 pounds. I am happy now and am trying to make back the money I spent for doctors who did me no good while I was ill."—T. R. CRAWFORD, Center, Texas.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**CALL FOR
"The Old Reliable"
YELLOW LABEL
WHISKEY**
Absolutely Pure. Sold by All Dealers.
**CHAS. M. PFEIFER & CO.,
DISTILLERS,
CINCINNATI, O.**

**CHAS. E. CURRIER
NOW PRESIDENT**
Hugh T. Inman Succeeds Mr.
Currier as Vice President.

Charles E. Currier was yesterday elected president of the Atlanta National bank to succeed the late Paul Romare.



C. E. CURRIER.
Who Was Yesterday Elected President of the Atlanta National Bank to Succeed the late Paul Romare.

whose promotion to the presidency followed the death of the late President James Swann.

The meeting at which the election of Mr. Currier and other officers took place was held at noon yesterday, all of the directors being present. These included S. M. Inman, A. E. Thornton, Hugh T. Inman, Frank E. Block and Charles E. Currier. The two other directors were James Swann and Paul Romare.

Following the election of Mr. Currier as president, Hugh T. Inman was chosen vice president to succeed Mr. Currier, and Mr. Thornton was re-elected vice president. H. R. Bloodworth was chosen cashier to succeed Mr. Currier, and George R. Donovan and James S. Floyd were elected assistant cashiers. The only change in the official force was the election of two assistant cashiers instead of one as heretofore.

Mr. Currier has been with the Atlanta National bank for the last seventeen years, serving for many years as cashier and more recently as vice president and cashier together. Mr. Bloodworth, who was promoted from the position of assistant cashier to cashier, has been with the bank for seventeen years, having served in many capacities. He has been assistant cashier since 1899. Mr. Donovan was assistant cashier of the Capital City National bank prior to the sale of its assets to the Atlanta National, after which he went with the latter bank. Mr. Floyd is a son in law of Alfred R. Swann, a brother of the late President James Swann. Mr. Floyd has been one of the bank's paying tellers for a number of years.

No action was taken toward filling the two vacancies on the board of directors. A meeting of the stockholders will be called in the near future for the purpose of taking action in this matter.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Broomie Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

TO LECTURE ON FATHER RYAN.

Rev. Father F. A. Gaffney, of Memphis, Will Be Heard by Knights of Columbus.

A lecture on Father Ryan, the poet-priest of the south, will be delivered during the meeting of the Knights of Columbus tonight by Rev. Father F. A. Gaffney, of Memphis, Tenn. The lecture will be accompanied by reading from the poems of Father Ryan.

Father Gaffney was heard twice by the congregation of the Church of the Sacred Heart yesterday. He preached eloquently during 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. His lecture on Father Ryan is being awaited with considerable eagerness by the local Knights of Columbus.

Father Gaffney is himself a poet of some note. He recently wrote "An Inspiration," after receiving some news leaves from the grave of Father Ryan, whose body is interred at Mobile, Ala.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, February 22.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday: Georgia: Fair Tuesday; warmer in west portion; Wednesday, partly cloudy; rain in north and east portions. North Carolina: Fair Tuesday; Wednesday increasing cloudiness; fresh north to east winds. Virginia: Fair Tuesday; rain at night or Wednesday; variable winds becoming southerly and fresh. Tennessee: Partly cloudy and warmer Tuesday followed by rain in west portion; Wednesday colder with fair in west and rain in east portion. South Carolina: Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; fresh north to northeast winds.

From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature 7 p. m.	Rain.
Atlanta, clear.	44	0.00
Ashland, clear.	42	0.00
Buffalo, cloudy.	22	0.02
Charleston, clear.	48	0.00
Charlotte, clear.	46	0.00
Chattanooga, clear.	46	0.00
Chicago, cloudy.	22	0.00
Cincinnati, clear.	36	0.00
Corpus Christi, clear.	58	0.00
Detroit, cloudy.	24	0.00
Dodge City, cloudy.	20	0.00
Galveston, clear.	52	0.00
Huron, snow.	18	0.01
Jacksonville, clear.	58	0.00
Kansas City, p. d. d.	48	0.00
Knoxville, clear.	42	0.00
Memphis, clear.	48	0.00
Mobile, clear.	58	0.00
Montgomery, clear.	50	0.00
New Orleans, clear.	56	0.00
New York, clear.	40	0.00
Norfolk, clear.	44	0.00
North Platte, cloudy.	60	0.00
Omaha, p. d. d.	48	0.00
Palestine, clear.	58	0.00
Raleigh, clear.	48	0.00
Rapid City, cloudy.	38	0.00
St. Louis, clear.	38	0.00
St. Paul, snow.	9	0.00
Savannah, cloudy.	58	0.00
Tampa, clear.	58	0.00
Vicksburg, clear.	54	0.00
Wilmington, clear.	52	0.01

J. B. MARRIOTT, Local Forecast Official.

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly, itchy, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous eruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous. The thing to do is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Which thoroughly cleanse the blood, expelling all humors and building up the whole system. They cure. Accept no substitute.

Testimonials of remarkable cures mailed on request. C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

ATLANTA LOSES BIG TERMINAL

Continued from First Page.

build and endeavor to give the best possible service, despite the increased business with our present facilities.

The two propositions.

The proposition that was before the committee of council yesterday afternoon is well known. During the session of council that was held on the afternoon of February 1 the Louisville and Nashville railroad, the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern railroad, the Georgia railroad, the Atlantic Coast Line and other railroads presented a petition requesting that they be allowed to shift Waverly place about 30 feet south of its present location for the purpose of making room for a freight depot and enlarging the yards from Central avenue east to the city limits. The railroads also desired doing away with all grade crossings by constructing five underpasses, one bridge and by closing all other streets between the city limits and Central avenue. The roads desired the city to pay for the approaches to these underpasses and the bridge.

Certain elements then became active for a Washington street viaduct and demanded that the city require the railroads to give a right of way for the structure and pay the entire cost of it.

Council referred these matters to its street committee, of which Alderman Terry is chairman and its committee on bridges, of which Councilman Bruce is chairman. These committees heard arguments and prepared a counter proposition which was submitted to the railroad committee.

It was this counter proposition of the city which was rejected by the railroads yesterday afternoon. The meeting began at 3 o'clock in the council chamber, and was attended by all members of the two committees. The first speaker was Charles T. Hopkins, who stated that he represented various citizens of Atlanta. He asked that action be postponed until after the newspapers had printed the full text of the counter proposition submitted by Judge T. P. Westmoreland agreed with Mr. Hopkins.

Councilman Peters stated that the report was not final and for that reason he opposed postponement. On motion of Councilman Carter, City Attorney James R. Mayson read the ordinance which he had prepared by direction of the two committees, and which comprised the counter proposition from the committee to the railroads.

Milton Smith spoke first for the railroads. He told of the several railroads that make the system for which he spoke and the two Atlanta ways to be the center of the system.

"It is apparent to all of you that in a congested city, such as Atlanta has become, the street traffic and the steam traffic must be carried on different levels, and you have already done considerable in that way. Much more can be done, and ought to be done; in fact, grade crossings should be eliminated within the city limits. This brings up the question of how it is to be done—how the cost of doing so is to be provided. Where the road crosses the street, the people are interested in eliminating it, the people who use it with ordinary vehicles, or by walking, and the railroads. It, therefore, seems right that the expense be divided equitably between the two interests. They both have rights there, and both are inconvenienced. Where no crossings exist, if an under or overhead crossing is to be made, it should be done at the expense of the one demanding it."

"With your permission I will go over the proposition which was made by the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern and other roads in connection with the plan. I had much to do with preparing this plan, and in suggesting this proposition. I had the assistance of our engineers, and all of the parties who have been before you had something to do in formulating the proposal. When it was submitted, it was believed to be fair and equitable. It was not made with a view of trading or 'jockeying.' If we had

had any idea of coming to you in a position to dicker, the proposal would have been quite different. But I did not think that was the proper procedure, and I am still of the same opinion."

He reminded the committee of the fact that the Fourth, Broad and Bell street bridges were built entirely at the expense of the city, while nearly every other bridge and viaduct in Atlanta was built partially by the city, and partially by the railroads.

"This shows," he continued, "that the city of Atlanta has heretofore recognized the equity of bearing a portion of the expense of constructing these bridges and underpasses."

Regarding Powell street, he said: "There is now no legal crossing at Powell street, as I understand it. You want the railroads to construct an underpass there. The roads are not now inconvenienced, and if you want a crossing there you should construct it. The same thing is true of Moore street and Gullitt street."

Washington Street Viaduct.

Mr. Smith then read that portion of the counter proposition in reference to Washington street, which gave the city the right to erect a viaduct at any time in the future, the railroads to share the expense. On that point Mr. Smith said:

"This again brings up the question of the railroads contributing to the cost of constructing a viaduct at a point where no grade crossing exists. The construction of such a viaduct will in no way facilitate the movement of the traffic between terminal facilities already existing and which it is proposed to create, and the patrons of the company. The company, therefore, has no interest whatever in the construction of such viaduct, except such interest as it has in the welfare of the citizens of Atlanta. Its officers, agents and employees live here; our patrons live here, and we ought to do anything we reasonably can to promote the welfare of the people of Atlanta. We will, perhaps, receive some small benefit by such relief as such a viaduct might give to the congested traffic across the tracks at grade at Loyd or Central avenue; that will be slight. It follows that the railroads in that case should not contribute towards the cost of constructing the viaduct, and if the city wants to acquire the right of way, it ought to acquire it in the same way that it would if it was owned by others; in other words, pay for it. I do not mean to say that under no circumstances would the railroads permit a viaduct to be constructed unless it was paid for the right of way, but I do wish to call attention to the equities."

"The proposed grade of the bridge is also objectionable in this, that it does not give as much clearance as it should in order to protect the employees of the railroads whose duties require them to be on tops of cars passing under such structures. There ought to be a clearance of 22 feet. If it is less than that, then injuries result. I am told that a number of persons have been killed and injured by the viaduct at Bell street, and that the railroads are injured. The city ought to pay for injuries, and not railroads, but I suppose the railroads have already paid. Humanity demands that we give clearance enough so that railroad employees will not be seriously injured."

In conclusion, I want to avoid saying anything that tends to irritate, or bring about ill feeling. The railroads I am trying to represent want to do the very best of terms with their patrons and the citizens of Atlanta. We will not do anything, if we can help it, to any way create antagonism, and I do not think this matter ought to create any friction. It is for the city to give a better permission to make this statement. The railroads made a proposition which their representatives believed equitable. It did not even ask the city to be liberal. From my standpoint the railroads proposed to shift Waverly place and erect a viaduct, and to bear the larger portion of the expense. That is practically all we said of the city."

Proposition Withdrawn.

"You have formulated a counter-proposition. My reason for asking to be heard was that the difference between us is as much as to preclude the possibility of reaching an agreement. I therefore desire to withdraw the proposition and stop where we are. If we cannot obtain the privilege of creating such facilities as we desire to do away with these grade crossings now—we must do the best we can under existing conditions. We will not be able to render as good service to our patrons as we could if our plans could have been consummated. It is evident that we have made mistakes. We have bought a large body of property which we cannot utilize. That is the trouble with corporations; they must deal through agents who are not infallible. We will pay taxes on the property until we can dispose of it. There should be no feeling of irritation. We made a proposition which we thought was fair and which you are representing the city, are not willing to accept, which is your right. Your counter proposition is not satisfactory, and we regret it. We are right where we were before we started, and no harm is done."

The meeting was attended by Captain R. M. Clayton, chief engineer of Atlanta; W. E. Hutchings, assistant engineer of the Louisville and Nashville; F. K. Scott, general manager of the Georgia railroad; Milton Smith, president of the Louisville and Nashville; Alex. Smith, Victor Smith and T. A. Hammond, of the firm of Smith, Hammond & Smith; Jack J. Spalding, Judge H. M. Dorsey, former Governor McDaniel, Dr. W. Armstrong, Dr. John E. White, George L. Lowndes, Edmund W. Martin, Colonel W. R. Edmund, Judge George Hillier, Judge W. R. Hammond, Joel Hurt, Harvey Johnson, R. C. Echee, J. L. Harrison, Charles Robert, and others.

James A. Gray, Councilman T. H. Goodwin, Alderman H. T. Inman, Charles T. Hopkins, Councilman Bowen, Councilman W. H. Terrell, Councilman F. A. Quillian, Forrest Adair, M. Mahoney and others.

Tying the Hands

Of trustees so they cannot invest the funds of an estate in worthless securities, is a task that vexes most men of property when they come to make their wills. The unique plan adopted by the President of a National Bank in New York, is described in "A Banker's Will," sent free on request. This Company

Has earned more for policy-holders

Has paid more to policy-holders

Holds more in trust for policy-holders

Than any other company in the world

**The MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY OF
NEW YORK**
Oldest in America **RICHARD A. McCURDY, President** Largest in the World
B. F. SHEDDEN, Manager, Atlanta, Ga.

Architectural Sheet Metal Work,
Cornices, Skylights, Tin and
Slate Roofing.

HOT AIR FURNACES,
Mantels, Tile, Grates, Gas and Electric
Fixtures.
40 years' experience. Employing the
best mechanics South.
Get our estimates.

J. E. Hunnicutt & Co.,
60 N. Broad Street.

ANNUAL STATEMENT for the twelve months ending December 31, 1903.

**GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF FREEPORT.**

Organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal office, 9, 11 and 13 North Galena avenue.

I. CAPITAL.

1. Whole amount of capital stock.....\$500,000 00

2. Amount paid up in cash.....200,000 00—\$ 200,000 00

II. ASSETS.

1. Market value of real estate owned by the company.....\$88,700 00—\$ 88,700 00

2. Loans on bond and mortgage (duly recorded, and being first liens on the property).....2,499,258 48

3. Stocks and bonds owned absolutely by the company.....\$1,478,337 91

4. Stocks, bonds and all other securities (except mortgages) hypothecated with company as collateral security for cash loaned by the company, with the par and market value of the same and the amount loaned thereon.....\$1,524,439 16—\$ 1,524,439 16

5. Cash in company's principal office, and in branches.....\$3,249 34

6. Cash belonging to the company deposited in bank.....276,826 35

7. Cash in hands of agents and in course of transmission.....440,958 95

8. Total.....\$751,034 64

9. Amount of interest actually due and accrued and unpaid.....751,034 64

10. Bills receivable, not matured, taken for fire, marine and inland risks.....54,558 20

Total assets of the company, actual cash market value.....\$5,006,681 60

III. LIABILITIES.

1. Losses due and unpaid.....\$75,026 06

2. Gross losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses.....94,823 32

3. Losses on reinsurance, including interest, and all other expenses thereon.....12,497 92

4. Total amount of claims for losses.....182,347 30

5. Deduct reinsurance thereon.....5,583 77

6. Net amount of unpaid losses carried out.....\$ 176,763 53

7. The amount of reserve for reinsurance.....2,987,135 90

8. Commission and brokerage.....96,074 78

9. Reserve retained for Munich Reinsurance Co.....\$3,111 78

10. Joint stock capital actually paid up in cash.....200,000 00

11. Surplus beyond all liabilities.....\$1,503,595 81

12. Total liabilities.....\$5,006,681 60

IV. INCOME DURING THE TWELVE MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1903.

1. Amount of cash premiums received.....\$275,288 22

2. SPAT OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY OF STEPHENSON—Personally appeared before the undersigned, William Trembor, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the secretary of the German Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 20th day of January, 1904.

Name of State Agent—RUTHERFORD LIPSCOMB.

Name of Agent at Atlanta—HATCHER-LIPSCOMB-JEROME & CO.

THE ESQUIMO

eats lots of blubber, the North-woodsman eats lots of fat pork and the Norwegian fisherman takes lots of cod liver oil. They are all heat-producing foods.

Scott's Emulsion is the best protection against colds, grippe and pneumonia, because it is a heat and fat producing food of the highest quality.

CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

ANNUAL SALE
100,000 BOXES
Greatest in the World

A MILLION AMERICAN NURSING MOTHERS keep themselves and their babies in splendid health with CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. The wonderful things CASCARETS do for mamas and their babies have become known through kind words of those who have tried them, and so the sale is now nearly A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. Mama takes a CASCARET, baby gets the benefit. The sweet, palatable tablet, eaten by the nursing mother, regulates her system, increases her flow of milk, and makes her milk mildly purgative. Baby gets the effect diluted and as part of its natural food—no violence—no danger—perfectly natural results. No more sour curds in baby's stomach, no more wind colic, cramps, convulsions, worms, restless nights. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. Genuine tablet stamped O.C.C. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

RALEIGH, N. C., WOMAN FOUND DYING IN ITALY

Hannah Jackson Stevens, or
Stevens Jackson, Is Her
Name.

DISCOVERED NEARLY DEAD
BY A PEASANT OF CAPUA

Later She Was Found in Rome and
Tried To Kill Herself—She Ap-
pears To Be Mentally Un-
balanced—Story of Suf-
fering.

Special Correspondence.

Rome, February 13.—Although it is common enough for Americans to hear of cases of want and suffering among the Italians who flit to their shores, it is almost unprecedented that such a thing should happen to an American in Italy, and in consequence the Italians are deeply interested in the sad story of a woman now in detention in Rome.

Hannah Jackson Stevens, or Stevens Jackson, of Raleigh, N. C., a woman about thirty-five years of age, who must once have been comely, finding herself without means or friends at home, and having heard in a vague way of the sunny skies of Italy, and that the people could live happily on a few cents a day, determined to try her luck here. No one knows how she got to Naples; and the next link in the story is when a peasant near Capua, having gone into the forests to gather wood, suddenly came upon the body of what he took for a dead woman. With the instinct of the Italian peasant against anything dead, he fled, but curiosity, fortunately, overcame superstition, and he returned to find out who it was. Her heart was still beating, so he carried her to the village, where the good people soon put her to bed and had a doctor in attendance. Apparently she had been in the wood without food for days. She was wasted to a skeleton, her sodden clothes clinging to her limbs, as there had just been one of the worst storms of the season, while her matted hair was full of leaves and twigs, masses of it being between her fingers, pulled from her hair in her agony.

When somewhat recovered, feeling that the poor peasants were denying themselves the necessities of life to feed her, she declared to them that she had friends near, and left, blessing them for their kindness. She, poor thing, who has nothing for herself, is now looked upon as a kind of mascot by the family who took her in, as from the time they saw her, their worldly affairs have improved.

The next that was heard of Hannah was when the American consul, Mr. de Castro, was told by the police that they had found a woman lying in the streets of Rome, who seemed to be an American. The unfortunate was again dying of hunger and exposure, and to repeated appeals would only reply, "Let me die, let me die!" The authorities cared for her, but it only took a moment for one of her own nationality to understand that suffering had had its effect, and that she was no longer capable of giving a connected story. She was put in a house of restraint, but being so gentle and melancholy, was not sufficiently well watched, she escaped, fled into the country, about two miles from Rome, and laid herself on the railway tracks. The searchers found her just in time to drag her off as a train thundered by. Again her wall was, "I want to die; why have you prevented me?" She is quite incapable of giving a connected story, but it is certain that she comes from Raleigh and she says she is alone in the world.

Adjourns To Meet at Washington.
Jacksonville, Fla., February 22.—The sub-committee of the judiciary committee of the house of representatives, which held three sessions here investigating the charges against Federal Judge Swayne, adjourned today to meet in Washington, March 8, when it will report its findings to the judiciary committee.



MRS. HANNAH JACKSON STEVENS.
Found Dying From Starvation.
Name May Be Hannah Stevens Jackson.

CONDEMNED MAN CONFESSES.

On Eve of Execution Implicates Another Party.

Wilmington, N. C., February 22.—(Special.)—Whether Jabel Register will hang next Thursday at Whiteville, N. C., or whether his recent confession of one of the blackest crimes ever known in the annals of the state in which he implicated a man named A. C. Smith as an accomplice, will result in a postponement of his execution depends entirely upon Solicitor C. C. Lyon. Governor Aycock announces that unless Solicitor Lyon asks for a continuance Register must be hanged Thursday. For the purpose of robbery he killed and afterwards burned in the house, where the killing took place Jesse Soles, white, and Jim Staley, colored, in Columbus county, last March.

Register's father, H. B. Register, who planned the murder, is now serving a life sentence in the penitentiary.

CORNWELL TO STAND TRIAL.

Defaulting Bank President Will Return from Honduras.

Birmingham, Ala., February 22.—(Special.)—T. J. Cornwell, the defaulting president of the Bessemer savings bank, who fled to Honduras about a year ago, will return to Bessemer and stand trial. The grand jury found sixteen true bills for embezzlement last year on which he will have to be tried. It is understood that his bond has already been agreed on by the sheriff and his friends and it is fixed at \$16,000 to cover all the indictments. The bond as agreed on will be approved by the sheriff. The governor has withdrawn the \$4,000 reward offered for his apprehension, which simplifies the surrender. His friends left today for New Orleans and will accompany him home, assuring him that all matters have been satisfactorily arranged.

Many Candidates in Newton.

Covington, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—Although the date for the county primary has not yet been fixed, interest in the campaign is growing livelier every day. There are at this time twenty-two candidates for the eight county offices. Some eight or ten more are expected to enter before the primary. Patrick, for tax collector, and Silas Johnson, of Covington, both one-armed confederate soldiers, are the latest entries. Patrick, for tax collector, and Silas Johnson, of Covington, both one-armed confederate soldiers, are the latest entries. Patrick, for tax collector, and Silas Johnson, of Covington, both one-armed confederate soldiers, are the latest entries.

To Begin Survey at Once.

Roanoke, Va., February 22.—A large force of civil engineers, said to be in the employ of the Wabash Railway Company, arrived here last night. This morning forth of these engineers left here for Salem, Christiansburg and Boll Spring, to begin, it is said, a survey of a proposed road which the Wabash system will build from the Ohio river to the Atlantic seaboard. The engineers refused to talk. The Wabash people won a suit in Mercer county, W. Va., last week, giving them the right of way in that and Wyoming counties.

Sheriff Hay Painfully Injured.

Covington, Ga., February 22.—(Special.) Sam Hay, the popular sheriff of Newton county, happened to a very painful accident a few days ago which will probably incapacitate him for duty for some time. One of his bloodhounds, which he had just purchased, broke out of the jail yard and in his effort to catch the animal he stepped upon a sharp stub in the ground that penetrated 2 inches or more into his foot, severing the main leader and making an ugly wound.



Quality and
Price

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The Popular Clothiers,
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GARREUX MADE EFFORT TO DIE

Aged Citizen Was Despon-
dent and Weary of
Life.

G. F. Garreux, 74 years of age, a well-known wood finisher, is in the Grady hospital as the result of a desperate attempt to end his life Saturday afternoon at the grave of his son in Oakland cemetery.

Garreux plunged a knife three times into his arm on the inner side of the elbow, severing one of the veins. He bled profusely and when found he had fallen across the grave of his son and was in a badly weakened condition. The knife blade did not injure either of the arteries of the arm. It is announced at the hospital that the wounded man is resting very well, and it is thought that he will soon recover.

Garreux admits that he tried to end his life, and gives despondency as the reason. He seems to think that his family has not treated him right, and states that he simply considered himself old and no account, and felt that he would rather be dead than alive. Garreux claims that his children have deserted him, will have nothing to do with him, it is understood, and of late he has been living alone with a family at 118 Glenwood avenue.

Garreux has a wife in Greenville, S. C., from whom he separated about twenty years ago, and recently he wrote her that he was coming home and live with her again. He had made preparations to leave Atlanta, and was expecting to go on last Saturday. It is stated, however, that he received a letter from his wife that discouraged him, and Saturday afternoon he went out to the cemetery, taking with him a gun.

He sat for a while on a rustic bench on the lot, and then pulling his knife, sank the blade three times into his arm, finally falling onto the grave of his son. He was shortly afterwards discovered by a policeman, who quickly notified the Grady hospital and the wounded man was taken to the institution in the ambulance.

A GOOD STRAWBERRY CROP.

Outlook Fine in North Carolina for
Truck Farms.

Wilmington, N. C., February 22.—(Special.)—During the past three or four years eastern North Carolina has developed into one of the most famous and successful trucking belts in the United States. From this section last year several million dollars worth of strawberries were shipped and vegetables of even greater value to the growers. The approaching season promises even greater things. The outlook for all crops is most encouraging and the truck farmers feel jubilant.

The severe winter has worked little or no harm thus far. Strawberry and vegetable shipments from this territory will begin moving about the middle of April.

BURTON FIGHTS MAMMOTH NAVY

Ohio Republican Opposes Pro-
gramme of His Party.

Mr. Burton Says the United States
Does Not Need a Large Navy
Unless Opposed by a Com-
bination of the Powers
of Europe.

Washington, February 22.—The naval appropriation bill today encountered opposition on the republican side of the house. Mr. Burton, of Ohio, chairman of the rivers and harbors committee, announced in a vigorous speech that he could not support a bill which declares that the United States, which in his view should be the leader in all works for peace, in going to double, treble and quadruple its naval establishment, all under the assertion that it is done for peace. He questioned the need of so great a navy as the bill contemplates, asserting that the Monroe doctrine and the supremacy of this country on this side of the world is secure and that the control of the Philippines by this country had not been questioned.

The fact is, said Mr. Burton, that the United States does not need a large navy, unless there shall be a combination of all Europe with their navies against this country. In such an event, he continued, this country could not provide a sufficient naval force without a change that would be absolutely appalling.

"We could not build a navy like that of Great Britain without changing the whole framework of our society," he said.

Tendency Toward Peace.

The tendency now was toward peace, continued Mr. Burton, and opposition, he said, could go to war except for just cause without receiving the condemnation of the powers of the world. He appealed for the employment of diplomacy instead of guns in the promotion of peace. He questioned the minority as to when they had opposed these expenditures.

He asked the minority why, in view of the declarations in the Kansas City platform, they had not opposed these expenditures.

Mr. Williams said Mr. Burton had placed the minority in an unfair attitude. He said to oppose the expenditures would mean that vessels now building would rust in their docks and that the sailors would go unfed. Mr. Williams said that such large sums were being expended for war purposes that the river and harbor committee, of which Mr. Burton is chairman, could not bring in a bill that government buildings could not be constructed. He said when a country goes "world powering" it must go about with a chip on its shoulder and be prepared.

Mr. Burton said his remarks were not to be construed to mean that work should be brought to a standstill on ships under construction or that the navy should not be maintained, but what he did mean was that there should be a great modification of the bill (applause on the republican side).

Mr. Burton said no river and harbor bill was being reported because there was now \$38,000,000 lying in the treasury to be expended on river and harbor work.

Rixey Booms Gorman.

Mr. Rixey, of Virginia, a member of the naval affairs committee, said he was surprised that the secretary of the navy in a recent address should treat the subject of the navy in a partisan way. He added that the secretary was reported to have said at a recent banquet in New York that he viewed with apprehension the observations recently made in Maryland by the senator from Maryland (Mr. Gorman). Mr. Rixey said it was difficult to understand why the observations of the senator from Maryland, whom the secretary said is easily the leader of his party, should cause the secretary such serious apprehension. He said it could only be accounted for by the fact that the secretary remembers that the two political parties will meet in a few months to nominate their candidates, and that with his prophetic eye he sees that this senator will be selected as the standard bearer of the party to which he belongs, and at the general election will be successful and be transferred to a position where he can shape to some extent the policy of the country.

He said he was willing to accept the statement of the senator from Maryland as giving the position of the democratic party on the question of the navy. He said that contracts for armor plate had recently been let to the Carnegie and Bethlehem companies at \$55 a ton in excess of that paid the Midvale company, the only other competitor, and charged that it had been shown by the evidence of Admiral O'Neill that these two companies have an agreement and are in collusion.

Some Questions for Knox.

He asked why money should be appropriated for the construction of armor plate in Pennsylvania there is a competition to control prices. He referred to this as the state of the attorney general. Why has not the attorney general instituted some proceeding against the Carnegie and Bethlehem companies, he asked, declaring that the government, instead of starving trusts, is feeding them, and that instead of prosecuting them, it is rewarding them. He said he would propose an amendment in the bill limiting the price to be paid for armor plate to that paid the Midvale, or \$55 a ton less than the price fixed by the other two companies.

W. W. Kitchen, of North Carolina, endeavored to have eliminated from the bill the provision for the purchase of land for a coaling station at Guantanamo, raising a point of order against it. Speaking generally upon the subject of the navy, Mr. Kitchen said he did not believe in a stand-still policy, nor did he believe in getting stampeded and running wild. Guantanamo will ultimately cost \$12,000,000. He said the

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Genuine Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the
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The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine Syrup of Figs—Is for Sale, in Original
Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

Always buy the Genuine Syrup of Figs

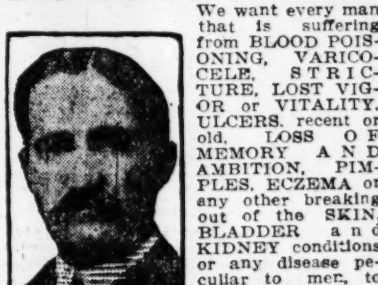
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600-602 Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga.

policy should be to keep abreast of the growing needs of the country.

The chair overruled the point of order when Mr. Kitchen appealed from the decision, but the chair was sustained by a vote of 87 to 81.

Consideration of the naval bill was pending when the house adjourned. The first incident of the day was an effort by Mr. Williams, the minority leader, to secure an adjournment on account of the anniversary of Washington's birthday. His various motions looking to this end were voted down.

WILL NOT ASK FOR RESPIRE.

Solicitor Says Register's Evidence Will Not Be Needed.

Raleigh, N. C., February 22.—(Special.) Governor Aycock is informed by Solicitor Lyon that the latter will not ask for a respite for Jabel Register, murderer, in order that Register may give evidence at Whiteville against A. C. Smith, who, he says, was an accomplice. There are reasons for the belief that Smith was implicated, but as Register is so unreliable that his evidence will hardly convict, the solicitor says it is not needed.



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HEAD
ACHE

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct indigestion, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure.

As they would be almost useless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vial at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, sent by mail.

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The battle of life is won by those
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strength and vim it will give.

Maple-Flake has the unquali-
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sands who know its purity and
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Maple-Flake is just the pure, whole wheat, in
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Thoroughly cooked and ready to serve.

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Aboard the Golden State Limited, you will find all the conveniences and comforts that people of refinement and means are accustomed to—a library, a dining room, a smoking room, bed rooms, a bath room, a barber shop and a parlor.

They have other names but they serve the same purpose, on a train, as those apartments do in one's own home—or in a hotel.

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As they would be almost useless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vial at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, sent by mail.

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ATLANTA, GA., February 23, 1904.

On to Harbin!

The Hague may be still open to the war.

A few more beautiful spring poems. They help some.

The farmers do not appear to be in the war corner of wheat.

Russia will at least retain enough home guards to keep the Turks from capturing St. Petersburg.

Ninety-six per cent of the Russians cannot read or write. No wonder they cannot fight intelligently.

Panama will reduce her army to 100 men and boys. She has but to whisper her trouble to the yankee marines.

There is small likelihood of a "world war." The danger of internal revolution is what maintains Europe's equilibrium.

The "rank and file" of the democracy are harmonious, and though they do not do the wind-jamming, they do the voting.

The Japs never indulge in osatulation, yet they have a number of heroes capable of Merrimac harbor-bottling exploits.

Georgia needs more canneries, and needs them for this year's record-breaking peach crop. Take this as a prediction, if you like.

Wheat is advancing, but breakfast food will remain within reach of the common people so long as sawdust is kept out of the clutches of a trust.

A New York judge has delivered the sage opinion that a man can lawfully rule his wife. This is calculated to make any married lady smile disdainfully.

"I care no more for what Mr. Bryan says than the wind that blows," declared Mr. Cleveland, frowning darkly. Gentlemen! gentlemen! What do you want, anyhow?

We will tip the Japs to be powerful careful how they capture that shipload of American mules consigned to Russia. The result might indirectly prove a great Russian victory.

The "open door" is a fine thing theoretically, but it amounts to little in fact when Russia has China and Korea so overawed that they are afraid to trade with other nations.

Maybe the Albanians, Bulgarians, Macedonians and the other Balkan brigands will afford Germany all the "diversion" she can take care of while the Russ and Jap are measuring swords.

Both Colonel Bryan and Mr. Cleveland have been looking in the mirror when they described the man who should be selected to carry the standard of democracy to victory this year.

The British war office evidently entertains toward Lord Roberts the same feeling our own war department entertains toward General Miles, and in both instances the nation does not share the feeling.

The American people are tired and ashamed of jingoism. This fact, coupled with the pendency of a presidential election, may serve to keep Candidate Roosevelt from butting into the Far Eastern mix-up.

Six red-headed St. Louis belles will meet the six white Arabian horses sent to the world's fair by the sultan of Morocco. This augurs good luck for the big exposition, and shows its advertising department is up to snuff.

A prophet is not without honor, save in his own country. Elijah II Dowling was chased to his hotel by a howling mob in Sydney, Australia. Perhaps they know "Lige better over there than we do. He came from Australia."

Japan seems to feel toward eastern Asia like Uncle Sam feels toward the western hemisphere, and her situation is, in many respects, analogous to his. Self-interest and self-preservation make imperative a Monroe doctrine in both instances.

The Canal Vote Today.
In the senate today the Panama canal treaty will be ratified. This result is made possible by the fact that a large part, if not a majority, of the democratic senators will vote for its ratification, thus justifying the contention of The Constitution that the object which the treaty has in view is of such singular and wide importance as to take it altogether out of the domain of mere party politics.

However much the republicans may desire their party to have all the credit for arranging the preliminaries necessary to the accomplishment of this great work, it will be impossible for them to ignore the fact that but for the votes of the democratic senators, the treaty would suffer defeat; and this fact removes the whole question out of the atmosphere of party politics.

To accomplish this object has been the purpose of The Constitution from the first. We have opposed most strenuously every effort to make the Panama treaty a political issue, and we have tried to make it very plain that should such an effort succeed, it would prove to be a policy ruinous to the democratic party.

At first glance and superficially the course of events which led to the negotiation of the present treaty seemed to offer an excellent opportunity for the display of that narrow partisanship which is sometimes necessary to the maintenance of party lines and party discipline. But a closer view was sufficient to convince the most sincere and thoughtful democrats that the canal itself is too important to the best interests of the whole country to leave any room for the play of partisanship. A vagrant may be arrested on suspicion, but something more than suspicion is necessary to the arraignment of an administration to the extent of putting an end to a great work in which all parties and the whole country are vitally interested.

We speak of the whole country, but the fact remains that the south as a part of the whole country is more concerned in the ratification of the treaty, which means the construction of the canal, than any other section, or all other sections combined. This fact has presented itself with such cogency and with such overwhelming force, that the legislatures of some of the southern states have instructed their senators to vote for the ratification of the treaty irrespective of their own private or personal opinions and views.

The south, at a very late hour, is entering upon a period of commercial enlargement and improvement, a movement which has been preceded, and will be accompanied, by a wonderful industrial development, and our people feel that the canal is very necessary to the promotion of the growth and extension of their trade interests, their commercial enterprises and their industrial development.

With respect to the importance of the treaty that has just been ratified, there can hardly be a doubt that it represented the last serious effort that would be made and the last opportunity that would be offered for an interoceanic waterway. The commercial and industrial interests of the whole country have been driven by the cunning work of the transcontinental railways to a choice between Panama and no canal at all. They were able to defeat the Nicaragua route, and their plans were so carefully laid that only the dreaming optimists among our statesmen had any hope of overcoming them. Practical consideration of the Nicaragua enterprise were therefore laid aside and an effort was made to deal with the republic of Colombia. A treaty was fashioned and negotiated and the South American republic was offered a most substantial consideration for the ratification of the treaty that would insure a canal across the isthmus of Panama.

But the trained lobbyists and attorneys of the transcontinental railway interests were beforehand with their arguments and machinations, and they were able to defeat the ratification of what is known as the Hay-Herran treaty. The document was rudely rejected by the congress of Colombia, rejected almost without consideration, and the transcontinental railways thought that they had won a telling victory. There is hardly any question about this. The transcontinental railways do not want an interoceanic canal anywhere to the south of us; it would be the means of breaking their rate monopoly for transcontinental hauls.

Now we are very far from harshly criticizing these railways for their opposition to an enterprise that will cut into the very core of their business. Judging them by the commercial standards that seem to prevail the world over, they are not very much to blame for interposing in behalf of their private and semi-public interests; they have certain responsibilities of their own; they have their engagements and their financial obligations to meet; they feel that their interests, insofar as they are

semi-public, stand on the same level with the interests of the whole country, or are even more important. It was natural, therefore, to expect their opposition, only we could wish that its demonstration had taken a different shape at the beginning.

In bringing about the defeat of the Nicaragua project, however, and in defeating the practical and serious consideration of the Hay-Herran treaty by Colombia, they have done their worst; but even that worst would have been fatal to the Panama canal had not the democratic senators, laying aside mere considerations of partisanship, and refusing to make suspicion the basis of party action, voted in favor of the ratification of the treaty. Had the democratic senators seriously considered all that they were kindly invited to consider the building of a canal would have been postponed to a time as distant as it seemed to be fifty years ago. The date of the beginning of the canal would have been put forward indefinitely.

The action of the democratic senators is to be highly commended; it will be approved in time even by those elements which, for one reason and another, have interposed objections based on considerations of party policy, and it will be approved by the whole people.

The thing to do now is to complete the canal with all possible speed consistent with a work that is to make a permanent change in the course of a large part of our trade and commerce.

Griggs as a Delegate.
Announcement is made elsewhere in our local columns that the friends of the Hon. J. M. Griggs, member of congress from the second Georgia district, will present his name as one of the four delegates from the state at large to the national democratic convention.

Ordinarily The Constitution takes no position in contests of this kind, but in this instance we depart from our usual custom far enough to say that the election of Congressman Griggs would be, in every way, a well merited tribute to the distinguished Georgian, who achieved a national reputation as chairman of the congressional democratic campaign committee in the last national campaign. This honor was conferred upon Congressman Griggs by the unanimous vote of his democratic colleagues in the house, and he discharged the duties of the position in a manner that reflected credit on him, and which did honor to his state.

If, therefore, the state convention thus honors this popular and prominent Georgian, it will be accepted as a fitting tribute to a worthy son.

The Talk of a World War.
Every movement of diplomats representing the great European powers is being closely watched by the strategists of the European press, who are keeping a sharp lookout for complications which may precipitate a world war at this time. The Russian ambassador to London goes to St. Petersburg to say farewell to his son, who is departing for the front, and although the purpose of this visit is clearly stated, it is promptly construed as having dire meaning. M. Cambon, the French ambassador at the same court, is in the habit of running over to Paris every week or so to look after his private affairs; but his visit at this particular time is hailed by the cockney newsmongers, to whom a trip across the channel would be the event of a lifetime, as "highly significant of a possible rupture of diplomatic relations between England and France."

The panic created by the newspaper versions of these events affects the stock market and gives rise to volumes of pessimism. For all of which there is no warrant at this time. War is not a thing to be lightly undertaken, even by countries where public sentiment must be considered less than in England, Germany and France. The days when a monarch could plunge his country into conflict because of some slight misunderstanding have long since passed. In this particular case, neither the people nor the governments of those three powers have any desire for a conflict with anybody. The relations existing among them are amicable—more friendly, perhaps, than at any time in their history. This is certainly true of England and France. Though traditional enemies, they are now closer together than they ever have been.

Each of these three is more or less the friend of Russia and also of Japan. The two belligerents are amply able to look after their own affairs without assistance. They are asking help of nobody. While it is undoubtedly true that there are alliances between England and Japan on the one hand and Russia and France on the other, this does not at all signify that conditions will make it necessary for either to go to the aid of its ally. It is well understood that the existing treaties will not necessarily draw the allies of the belligerents into conflict; certainly public sentiment in both England and France is distinctly opposed to being drawn into war, and public sentiment in those countries, as in this, is so powerful that it has to be considered. Of course, so long as war wages between any two nations of size, there is always the danger of its becoming a world conflict. At the outbreak of the war between the United States and Spain, even President McKinley himself feared that other nations

might be drawn into it. But that proved unnecessary then, and it seems even less necessary now.

The danger of it can be averted by the responsible officials of the various governments keeping their heads. It is not a time to question the motives of other governments. Take the matter of Russia's refusal to grant an ex-equator recognizing Mr. Morgan as American consul at Dally, for instance. Russia is acting clearly within her rights in this matter and the United States have no good grounds for complaint. Russia has never admitted consuls at Dally. Even if she had, the military necessity of the present situation on the Lao Tung peninsula would operate to prevent the recognition of an American consul at this time. The disposition on the part of some American newspapers to see in this incident a slight put upon the United States by Russia is to be deprecated. Russia is acting as she has a right to act, and is doing only what the United States would do if similarly situated. There is nothing unfriendly in her attitude in the matter; but even if there were, there would be no excuse for involving this country in war over it.

Baltimore's Spirit.
The Constitution is in receipt of the following letter from a representative Baltimore business firm:

Editor Constitution: As a merchant of Baltimore it is a great pleasure to me to acknowledge the kind and sympathetic words that have come to us through your columns and to also commend your course for not saying that Baltimore's mercantile industries were destroyed, as some have done. Baltimore does not ask the charity of any one, but she does ask the same loyalty of the southern merchants to her, as she has been always so willing to give to them. Yours very truly, F. W. MacCARTHY, President.

Baltimore, February 20, 1904.
It is not conceivable to The Constitution that any newspaper, no matter what the interests of its community, could take advantage of a sister city's dire distress through a visitation of providence and seek to convey an impression calculated to work commercial injury to the stricken city. This paper, voicing the sentiment of its immediate community and reading constituency, was naturally deeply touched by the tremendous loss that fell upon the fair city of Baltimore in the second greatest fire that has ever visited an American city, and we but expressed proper human sentiments of sympathy in commiserating with the Maryland metropolis in her affliction and praising the splendid pluck she exhibited in at once setting to work to build a new and finer business center.

When Baltimore, ere her ruins had cooled, announced that she was quite prepared to resume her commercial relations with the world, The Constitution was only too glad to give the brave announcement prominence and editorial commendation. Baltimore is a great commercial and financial center on the border of the southern states, largely supported by southern trade and business. The blow fell not alone upon Baltimore. It was felt by thousands of correspondents of Baltimore business enterprises in various states, and the south have peculiar reason to lament the fiery fate that had befallen this enterprising and solid trade center. The sympathy extended was widespread and genuine, and the pleasure caused by the announcement that the merchants and bankers of Baltimore were only temporarily inconvenienced by the great holocaust was universal and demonstrative. The Constitution shared both in the fullest.

Atlanta may be a business rival of Baltimore for southern patronage, but Atlanta is ever a fair rival, and her heart is in the right place. Our people, no matter what their private interests, would be first to extend a helping hand to Baltimore, should the brave Baltimoreans require material assistance, just as spontaneously as they offered the fire-scourged city their sympathy and now offer it their good will.

Atlanta has unstinted admiration for a city with so game a spirit and such unlimited moral resources. It is the same spirit that rebuilt Atlanta after the torch of war had left her even more prostrate and more completely obliterated than is the beautiful Monumental City.

Luck to the new Baltimore and may her greatness multiply! May she not only hold her own in the race for commercial supremacy, but broaden the borders of her trade territory and increase the number of her trade supporters!

At the same time, The Constitution is gratified at the evidence of appreciation conveyed by its Baltimore correspondent.

CONSTITUTION ECHOES.

Interests the Whole Country.

(From The McGraw, Tex., Herald.)
Cartoonist Louis Gregg, of The Atlanta Constitution, is making the whole country laugh and think with his cartoons, printed in the south's most progressive newspaper.

Go Head.

(From The Nashville News.)
The Atlanta Constitution boldly turns down The Springfield Republican and The New York Post, those exponents of eastern culture, on the use of the word, "provincially." The Constitution's point is well taken—"provincially" is obviously the proper word.

Always Carry Weight.

(From The Chattanooga Press.)
The opinion of no newspaper in the south carries more weight than The Atlanta Constitution.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA."

The Projickin' Winter.

I dunno what de Winter mean!
He say he gwine ter go.
En wen de birds is buildin' nests
He pet um wid de snow?
I dunno what de Winter mean—
He projick 'roun' you so!

He say: 'Yo' rheumatism
Will soon be on de wing;
Yo' ole fren', Chill-en-Fever,
Is comin' wid de spring.
En yo' bones 'll sholy rattle
Lak de bones de minarels fling!"

En den he fix ter fool me.
En hush his winds, so cross,
En holler: 'Ye's de sunshine
You folkses said wuz los'!'
En de mockin'bird come out ter see,
(En freeze up in de fro'!

I dunno what de Winter mean,
A-hangin' 'roun' de do!
He know it's spring;—birds wants ter sing.
En time fer him ter go;
He mighty hard ter on'erstan'—
He projick 'roun' you so!

Sure Signs of Civilization.
'Ain't dem Jansa folks heathens?' asked Brother Williams.
'No, suh,' replied Brother Dekey, 'deys' civilised en educated people. Don't you see how dey fightin', en tryin' ter cut dey neighbors' throats?'

The Kiss Terrific.
Ella Wheeler Wilcox has written about whirlwind kisses, but she has never celebrated as terrific a kiss as is contained in the following stanza, from a poem entitled "Transmigration":

"The blue of the sky seemed tangled
In sudden silvery mist,
And the new-made world was shaken
By the first kiss ever kissed!"

"Deys ain't rain enough ter drown de roses," said Brother Williams, "but deys mo' dan enough ter skeered lil' turn white, en de violet feel ez blue ez a man dat wuz lookin' fer ten dollars, en only got thirty days!"

Early End to the Agony.
"Terrible thing has happened!" exclaimed the popular author.

"Indeed? What may it be?"
"Why, I've been absent minded enough to kill my hero in the middle of the story!"

"Bully for you, old boy! A thousand readers will rise up and thank you for being so considerate!"

His Weather Resolution.
If only I kin glimpse ag'in
A livin' sky o' blue,
I'll never say, in summer,
'Is't not enough fer you?'

I'll never say, if once I hear
A bird's song, wild an' free,
'This weather is the warmest
We've had since '53!'

For I'm blighted by the blizzard,
An' when Summer takes control,
If it's hot as the hereafter,
I'll say: "Brethren, jet her roll!"

We had a fine thunderstorm in February, and the mockin'birds sang a joyous tenor to it; but since then the trees have worn little trimmings, and though life is plentiful, there isn't, at this writing, enough mint for the juleps!

"A Kansas Homer."

Kiser, of The Chicago Record-Herald, has discovered "A Kansas Homer," who bids fair to distance our Whitsett singer in the race poetical. Hear him sing:

"Jack Eagen gave a party
On last Sunday night,
And to say that we had a fine time
Is surely putting it light.

Messrs. Piel and Helme,
From here are hauling hay,
Three dollars a ton they pay.
Charley Funk, our drayman,
To McFarland is hauling stone;
Charles has a fine family,
At nights he stays at home.

There is Mr. John Senné,
Our old-time roustabout,
He's grubbing wood at Leslie's,
To keep the fires from going out."

In this weather poetical fire won't do at all. Bring in an extra ton of coal, and please shut the door!

Literary Note.

"I notice that that popular novelist has an automobile?"
"Yes; he couldn't get to Oblivion fast enough, so he's decided to ride there!"

Will N. Harben has abandoned the short story field since the Harpers colored him and he became "Harveyized."

"Some Men."

The poet of the Blue Ridge Post, in a recent poem, sums up the situation as follows:

"Some men have minds
So cock-full of evil
Without hope of reward
They will work for the devil,
And even with hope
Of a glorious reward
There's nothing can induce them
To work for the Lord."

The day of the short story is at hand. Collier's is offering a prize of \$5,000 for the best one of 5,000, or 10,000 words. Perhaps we'll get a rest now from the dreary historical novel.

The Bright Sky.

Shadows on the meadows,
Shadows on the hills;
But yonder is the bright sky,
Smilin' on the hills!

An' we'll join the ringin' chorus
Where song forever thrives,
Till the stars there, in the bright sky
Light up all the hills!

Texas is to have a new literary magazine. So many writers there now, it's getting hard to accommodate all of 'em.

Interfered with Her Plans.

"How long has yer old man been de heaven?"
"In whar?"
"In whar?"
"Lan' sakes!" exclaimed the old lady, "Don't tell me he's thar—I wuz a-dix'n ter go thar myself!"

THE VOTE ON THE CANAL TREATY

"A Democratic Victory."

(From The Pittsburg, Pa., Chronicle.)

No one will seriously complain, if our esteemed friend Clark Howell, of The Atlanta Constitution, is led by consciousness of a duty well done to set up the claim that the Panama treaty when ratified is a democratic victory. He is progressing toward that point by easy stages and all that remains now is for the democratic senators to vote as he has been counseling. There is good reason to believe that they will do so. The Atlanta Constitution has been conspicuously in the lead of southern sentiment in the fight for ratification and has performed an important service to the nation in interpreting the sentiment of the south to the south's representatives in the senate of the United States. It was not misled by partisanship at any time, and to those southern senators at the national capital who were in peril of being led from the path of national duty by specious arguments of extreme partisans it has been a beacon light pointing the way to safety. It blazed out in the darkness as a guide for those who were wavering and uncertain as to their proper course and was given the backing of legislatures and official bodies of the southern states, until one by one the senators, some haltingly and hesitatingly, some with criticism of the republican administration, have accepted its early expressed conclusion. At last comes Clarke, of Arkansas, and unreservedly and even enthusiastically indorses the declaration of The Constitution that the republican president has acted precisely as southern democrats would have expected a democratic president to act under similar circumstances. This ends the fight.

Since Editor Howell is able to announce that "the defeat of the Panama treaty by democratic votes is averted," it is only a step to the claim that its ratification by means of democratic votes without which it could not have been ratified is a democratic victory. And so it is. If nothing more, it is a victory of the democratic party over itself—something that is by no means unimportant to either the democracy or to republicans. If the ability of the democratic party to rise on stepping stones of its dead self to higher things, when manly led, has been made clear, it is evidence that it is becoming "sane" and therefore more dangerous," as Senator T. C. Platt remarked.

Now that leaders such as the editor of The Constitution are directing it in the ways of sanity, it will be well to keep an eye on it, if such leaders are to the front to stay.

STATE PRESS SIDELIGHTS.

Griffin News: The Dawson News says: "While others come up short, Terrell county never fails to make her share of a big cotton crop." Terrell's greatest agricultural product, however, is the state commissioner of agriculture.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: The Russians have recently sunk three of their own war vessels, mistaking them, it is said, for Japanese vessels. This does not matter. If they had not sunk them the Japanese would have done so.

Savannah Press: The Hon. Byron Bower, of Decatur, has not yet been heard from since the various announcements for candidates for the house have been made. He generally manages to get there.

Perry Home Journal: It is unlikely that there will be any serious opposition to the reelection of Senator Bacon. He is one of the ablest and most influential dignitaries in the senate. He is a true leader, competent and trustworthy.

Macon News: Madame Schumann-Heink has adopted a house maid whom she heard singing at her work, and will turn the rich velvet contralto of the erstwhile servant into a fortune. But this story should not be told heedlessly, for whilst it would look good for all the house maids commenced singing at their work?

Savannah Press: The bell is hardening in the east that Russia is waiting for spring before beginning operations. By that time Russia will be out a good many men and ships.

Griffin News: Sixty-seven print shops were destroyed in the Baltimore fire. No wonder it seemed as if the devil had been turned loose.

Albany Herald: The authorities—the paper ones, we mean—don't appear to agree as to "what the war is about."

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

The Monroe Advertiser: Atlanta's new skyscraper is to have seventeen stories. That's the tallest of any we've yet heard told of a Georgia skyscraper.

Macon Telegraph: Uncle Lon voted for the St. Louis exposition loan. Probably he foresees a time when Atlanta will want to borrow a few million for her horse show.

Bremen Gateway: They are thinking of building more in Atlanta. Those people seem to be determined that the progress of man shall not be interfered with—not even by steam engines, long freight trains and slow switchmen just her style, however.

Knoxville, Tenn., Tribune: What is Georgia wanting to clean up Ducktown for? Let Georgia wash her own children and keep her hands off Tennessee's. Next thing Georgia will be claiming Ducktown, we suppose.

Pike County Journal: Since the visit of George Ade, he of fabre and song, to Atlanta, we have looked in vain for a fabre, with its moral, telling how a small town grew to a great metropolis through the medium of its spirit, or a rag-time ballad reciting that Atlanta grew simply because that was the kind of town she was.

Rome Tribune: What gives us the big disgust is this: The Atlanta papers have been booming that battle suit business for days and days, and yet not one have they printed Harry Silvermanski's picture.

Jacksonville, Fla., Metropolis: Atlanta has a school of instruction for policemen. Does it teach them how to keep awake while on duty?

Jacksonville, Fla., Metropolis: Savannah is pushing Atlanta close for distinction. The former city had her snowfall this week, as well as the latter city.

Macon Telegraph: The Atlanta police is to be instructed in military tactics. Why not also arrange for them a few sessions with Sherlock Holmes?

Cobb County Courier: The Atlanta spirit capitalists in being able to raise the wind in any emergency—hot air always rises.

"Almost Persuaded."

(From The Washington Post.)

The esteemed Atlanta Constitution almost persuades us. It is so profoundly convinced that the secession of Panama was a virtuous and patriotic ebullition, that the United States government has nothing to do with it; that the isthmian canal will speedily enrich us all, and that this halcyon consummation can be achieved in no other way than by a ratification of the Loomis-Varela treaty—it is so sure on all these points, and on others of equal pith and moment, and withal with dignity our most formal misgivings in the premises. As a matter of fact, we are not sure we do retain them. We begin to suspect that we only think we do.

Perhaps the argument which impresses us most powerfully is that which exposes the treacherous and sordid conspiracy of the transcontinental railways. We have always suspected these grasping corporations of wishing to derive a selfish profit from their iniquitous investments. The Constitution is quite positive that they are trying to make money, and that part of their nefarious plan is to prevent the construction of a canal. It may be true. We live in a shameless and piratical age when every infamy is possible. Just how the ratification of the treaty is to benefit and impoverish the railways, we do not so plain as we could wish, but The Constitution understands it thoroughly, and says so boldly.

But the most overwhelming proposition of all is this:

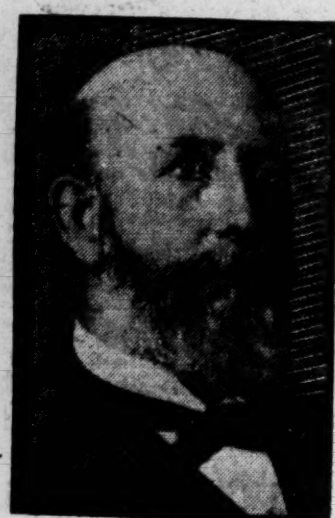
"The people of the south want an isthmian canal, and they know very well that it is now a case of the ratification of the Panama treaty or no canal at all." Of course, the circumstance that Senator Morgan takes a different view of the matter is of very little moment. The senator is getting old. He has spent so many years in the investigation of great public questions that he lacks the freshness and vigor of young gentlemen who depend upon intuition and inner consciousness, and all that sort of thing, and whose views are, naturally, much more engaging and ingenious. Mr. Morgan, for example, holds that no appropriation will be available under the Spooner act of 1902. He is old-fashioned enough to believe that a statute means what it says and must be construed by the standard of its explicit declaration. Senator Morgan holds that the effect of ratification will be to enunciate the Spooner law; to cancel the appropriations it contemplates, and to make an isthmian canal impossible until congress shall have given entirely new legislation. Nevertheless, we hesitate. Almost persuaded, but not quite.

THE QUICK OF SPRING.

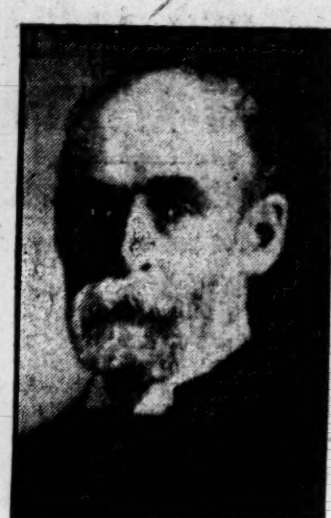
By Earle E. Griggs.

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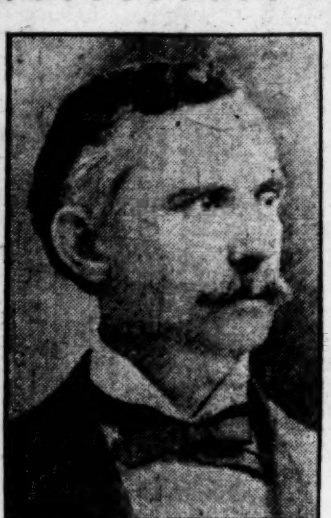
SUPERINTENDENTS MEET TODAY, DELEGATES FROM ALL QUARTERS



EDWIN B. COX,
Of Xenia, Ohio, First Vice President of the Department of Superintendence.



DELOS FALL,
Of Lansing, Mich., State Superintendent of Public Instruction.



JOHN H. HINEMON,
Of Arkansas, Secretary of the Department of Superintendence.

Three Prominent Educators Who Occupy Conspicuous Places on the Programme of the Department of Superintendence of the National Educational Association.

Preliminary Meeting Was Held Late Yesterday After-

noon.

GOVERNOR TERRELL GREETED DELEGATES THIS MORNING

Many Brilliant Addresses Will Be Heard and Meeting Promises To Be One of the Most Successful in History of the Department.

The first meeting in connection with the National Educational Association convention was that of the National Society for the Scientific Study of Education, which was held in the convention hall of the Piedmont at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

This meeting was attended by a great many early comers to the convention and the discussion was participated in by a number of prominent educators. Dr. Wilbur S. Jackson, dean of the school of education, University of Chicago, and president of the society, presided at the meeting.

Professor M. J. Holmes, of the Illinois State Normal school, at Normal, acted as secretary. Dr. Charles A. McMurry, of the DeKalb Normal school, DeKalb, Ill., and the secretary of the society, took part in the discussion.

The society has three papers to read and discuss, one of which was taken up yesterday afternoon. These papers are: "The Relation of Theory to Practice in Education," by Dr. John Dewey, of the University of Chicago; "Relation of Theory to Practice in City Training Schools," by Miss Sarah C. Brooks, of Baltimore; "Theory and Practice in the Teachers' College, Columbia University, N. Y.," by Professor F. M. McMurry.

The first of these was discussed yesterday and the remaining two will be taken up at a meeting Wednesday afternoon. The hour of this meeting on Wednesday has been changed to 5 o'clock in order not to conflict with other meetings of the convention. A business meeting of the society was held last night. Although the convention proper does not open until this morning, there were dozens of delegates and visitors in the city yesterday, crowding the lobbies of the hotels, especially the Piedmont, where the convention headquarters are located. Every incoming train brought others last night and the hotels were kept busy.

Weather Pleases Visitors.
During the day large numbers of visitors, known by their badges, took a look at the city, either walking or in street cars or carriages. All of them had some word of praise for Atlanta. The blue sky and the balmy air particularly pleased the northern visitors.

Following a couple of the most disagreeable days of the winter season, the weather yesterday did its proudest in honor of the opening of the great educational meeting. It was a day with just cool enough to invigorate with activity any who might be lacking in it. Parties of visitors often wandered from educational topics and found themselves discussing the weather before they knew it. "Do you always have weather like this in Atlanta?" asked one of them of Governor Terrell when he visited the capitol yesterday. The governor admitted that there was an occasional break, but asserted that Atlanta had a full share of just such gorgeous days.

"Well, I'll tell you," continued his visitor, "there is no surprise to me that Atlanta has grown as she has with such an inducement as this. This is a day of days, and with many of them the climate is certainly good to you. Just keep this up and your city must continue to grow at a rate that will continue to be astonishing to those who don't understand the cause of it."

The coming of this convention has demonstrated one fact, recognized by Atlanta people and the visitors alike, and

In Which We Agree

"Honesty is the best policy." It's an old saw and sounds a little worn, but in practice it's always new. Honesty, spelled with a capital, has been the policy of this firm from the beginning.

Applied to our diamond department—the only diamonds we dare sell are the flawless, first quality kind.

Diamond Rings: Solitaires, Circlets, Diagonals, Clusters.

MAIER & BERKELE,
Jewelers.

COMPLETE PROGRAMME OF FIRST DAY'S SESSION

THE meetings of the department of superintendence of the National Educational Association will be held in the Grand opera house, the opening session to begin at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

The complete programme for today, the first day, follows:

Addresses—Hon. Joseph M. Terrell, governor of Georgia; Hon. Hoke Smith, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. William B. Merritt, state school commissioner, Atlanta, Ga. "Education at the Universal Exposition, 1904."

(a) "From the Point of View of Chief of the Department—Howard J. Rogers, chief of department of education, St. Louis, Mo.

(b) "Exhibit of the United States Bureau of Education"—W. T. Harris, commissioner of education of the United States, Washington, D. C.

(c) "Some City Exhibits, Their Purpose and Plan"—F. Louis Soidan, superintendent of schools, St. Louis, Mo.; Andrew W. Edson, associate superintendent of schools, New York city.

AFTERNOON 2:30 O'CLOCK.

Topic—"The Course of Study in Elementary and Secondary Schools."

(a) "The Superintendent's Influence on the Course of Study"—William H. Elison, superintendent of schools, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Discussion led by Charles M. Jordan, that fact is that Atlanta is the educational center of the south, the center of movement and progress. Something like this was frequently heard in the conversations in hotel lobbies yesterday.

Milwaukee Wants Meeting.
The question of the next place of meeting of the department of superintendence of the National Educational Association is just now a matter of considerable interest with those who are attending the Atlanta meeting.

There has been a disposition upon the part of those who have the matter in charge to meet at some permanent place. In going to Cincinnati last year and in coming to Atlanta this year the department made exceptions to the rule.

It now seems altogether likely that the next meeting will be held in Milwaukee. Wis. Milwaukee has sent representatives to Atlanta to invite the department to meet there next year. In addition to the invitation from the educational interests of Milwaukee, the Citizens' Business League has sent its secretary, Richard B. Watrous, to look after the interests of Milwaukee. Mr. Watrous is busily engaged in telling the superintendents of the many advantages offered by the city. By gently arousing the interest of the city, he is altogether likely that Chicago and other cities will make a bid for the convention.

The Citizens' Business League of Milwaukee is one of the most famous organizations of the kind in this country. It was successful last year in taking seventy-four conventions to Milwaukee. Much of the success was due to the enterprise and ability of its secretary, Mr. Watrous, who is a man of wide experience. Milwaukee will offer many inducements and advantages to educators.

A great deal of business awaits the convention, but everything is in readiness, the guests are pouring in and when the meeting is called to order this morning the visitors will realize that Atlanta is one of the best convention cities in the country, as well as the educational center of the south.

Mysterious Circumstances.

One was pale and sallow and the other fresh and rosy. Whence the difference? She who is blushing with health uses Dr. King's New-Life Pills to maintain the purity and vigor of the system. They compel good digestion and head off constipation. Try them. Only 25c at all druggists.

FITTING EYE-GLASS FRAMES

requires long training and natural skill. Jno. L. Moore & Sons have developed their own methods to perfection in their opticals and will give you eye-glasses that are unrivaled in perfection. 42 N. Broad st., Prudential building. Both 'phones 158.

superintendent of schools, Minneapolis, Minn.

(b) "What Omissions are Advisable in the Present Course of Study, and What Should be the Basis for the Same"—Frank M. McKim, Teachers' college, Columbia University, New York.

Discussion led by E. H. Mark, superintendent of schools, Louisville, Ky.; J. H. Phillips, superintendent of schools, Birmingham, Ala.; Clinton S. Marsh, superintendent of schools, Auburn, N. Y.

"Athletics and Other Collateral Activities in Secondary Schools"—F. D. Boynton, superintendent of schools, Ithaca, N. Y. Business; appointment of committees.

AFTERNOON 4 O'CLOCK.

Round Table session of state and county superintendents at Carnegie library.

Topic—"The Recognition of Certificate and Diplomas Granted (a) by State and County Authorities, (b) by Schools of Education"—L. E. Wolfe, superintendent of schools, St. Louis, Mo.

Discussion led by G. W. Nash, state superintendent of public instruction, Pierre, S. Dak.

EVENING 8:15 O'CLOCK.

"Symposium on Herbert Spencer"—Dr. W. T. Harris, commissioner of education of the United States; John W. Cook, president National Educational Association, DeKalb, Ill.; W. S. Sutton, University of Texas, Austin, Tex.; A. E. Winslow, Editor Journal of Education, Boston, Mass.; Prof. M. Rose, Knoxville, Tenn.

FUNERAL TODAY OF MRS. B. H. HILL

Funeral Party Arrived Yesterday—Interment at Oakland.

Funeral services of Mrs. Caroline E. Hill, widow of Senator Benjamin Harvey Hill, one time vice president of the confederacy, will be held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at St. Marks Methodist Episcopal church. The funeral party arrived from Washington yesterday and received the condolences of the very many friends of the late Mrs. Hill.

Arrangements for the services this afternoon have been completed. Rev. Dr. C. W. Byrd will officiate and he will be assisted by Rev. Dr. Jones, pastor of St. Marks Methodist Episcopal church.

The following will act as pall bearers: Benjamin B. Crew, Howard E. W. Palmer, Robert A. Hemphill, Franklin P. Rice, William H. Patterson, Samuel H. Venable, Ruben R. Arnold and Edward S. McCandless. The pall bearers are requested to meet at the undertaking parlors of Barclay & Brandon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be at the family lot in Oakland cemetery.

This last homecoming of Mrs. Hill was made especially sad as her son, Charles D. Hill, had gone to Washington with the expectation of having personal assurances of his health. Just before starting on the homeward journey, however, Mrs. Hill had had personal assurances of his health. Just before starting on the homeward journey, however, Mrs. Hill had had personal assurances of his health. Just before starting on the homeward journey, however, Mrs. Hill had had personal assurances of his health.

CONFERENCE OPENS TONIGHT.

Rev. G. Campbell Morgan Will Be First Speaker at Bible Conference.

The sixth annual Bible conference, under the control of Dr. Len Broughton, its originator and founder, opens tonight at 7:30 o'clock at the Baptist tabernacle. Rev. G. Campbell Morgan will deliver the address tonight. Dr. Morgan is one of the most noted divines in the world, and it is believed by many Bible students that he is the 'king of Bible expositors.'

Dr. Morgan will remain at the conference through Sunday, delivering each day at least two and probably three sermons.

The largest number of visitors from neighboring cities and towns attending one of these yearly conferences will undoubtedly be on hand, as Dr. Broughton has had personal assurances of at least 2,000 or 3,000 to register at the conference.

Those who attend the conferences are expected to get dinner and supper at the tabernacle. The ladies have arranged to serve these two meals at prices merely nominal.

At the conclusion of Dr. Broughton's services at the conference there will be a Sunday school institute, conducted by the most noted Sunday school leaders in the land.

This feature is an entirely new one in connection with the conference, but will undoubtedly prove intensely popular, as so many are deeply interested in up-to-date Sunday school methods.

Besides Dr. Morgan, the leading speakers at the conference will be Rev. Dr. W. P. Pope, D.D., East Northfield, Mass.; Rev. C. I. Bonfield, D.D., Dallas, Tex.; formerly of Northfield; Rev. D. D. Gordon, D.D., Cleveland, Ohio; Rev. A. O. Dixon, D.D., Boston, Mass.; Evangelist Lewis S. Chaffer and wife, East Northfield, Mass.; Rev. Comings Wolfkin, D.D., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Evangelist Robert Miller, Georgia.

UNION LEAGUE BANQUET PROVES BRILLIANT AFFAIR

Among the Eloquent Speeches, That of Judge Emory Speer Was Notable—Elihu Root's Address.

Chicago, February 22.—The anniversary of the birth of George Washington was observed here today by the Union League Club, with two meetings at the Auditorium theater, one in the morning and the other in the afternoon and a banquet tonight to the members of the club. The principal exercise was held in the afternoon, when Elihu Root, former secretary of war, delivered an address on "The Ethics of the Panama Question." Mr. Root spoke as follows:

Ex-Secretary of War Speaks.

Elihu Root, former secretary of war, spoke as follows:

"On November 3, 1903, the people of Panama revolted against the government of Colombia, and proclaimed their independence. On November 13 the United States recognized the independence of the Republic of Panama, by receiving a minister from the new government, and at the opening of the regular session of congress in December, the president asked the consent of the senate to a treaty negotiated between our secretary of state, Mr. Hay, and the government of Panama, Mr. Varilla, providing for the construction by the United States of a ship canal across the isthmus to be kept by us open, neutral and free upon equal terms for the use of all mankind. After long and exhaustive discussion that treaty is about to be confirmed. In the meantime, the senate by a great majority has approved the recognition of independence by confirming the nomination of William H. Buchanan as minister from the United States to Panama. The revolutionary leaders have submitted their action to the people of Panama, who have by a popular vote given it their unanimous approval, and have elected a constitutional convention, named and adopted a constitution, chosen a president and congress, and established a republican government according to the form which finds its roots in the constitutions of our own country. In the meantime, also, many other governments have followed the United States in recognizing the Republic of Panama, on the 22d China; on the 27th Austria; on the 30th Germany; and following them Denmark, Russia, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, Nicaragua, Peru, Cuba, Great Britain, Italy, Switzerland, Costa Rica, Japan, Chile, Venezuela, Portugal, in the order named.

"The independence of Panama, the grant to the United States of the right to construct the canal across the isthmus, and the assumption by the United States of the duty to construct the canal and to maintain it for the equal benefit of mankind, are accomplished facts. Nothing can do away with them, unless it be a future of the United States, which is against the liberties of Panama, and at the same time against the rights of the United States. In truth, for the commerce of the world.

"The conduct of the United States government in making the treaty, and in exercising police power over territory traversed by the Panama canal, during the period of revolution, has been severely criticized by some of our own people, who have said, in substance, that in this business our government has violated the rules of international law, has engaged in a course of conduct which is against the principles of justice, and which do not personally form a part, and in whose eyes everything done by others is wrong. This class of our citizens, with slightest changes in personnel, would have condemned any course of conduct by our government, whatever it was, and the party of revolution, who are against every government of which they do not personally form a part, and in whose eyes everything done by others is wrong. 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See Thursday's Constitution for Leading Merchants' Midweek Bargains



Moore-Davis Wedding

Occurred Last Night

ON account of the illness of the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Davis, the wedding of Miss Tochie Davis and Mr. Hudson Moore, which was to have been a brilliant society event this evening, took place quietly last night at the bride's home, attended only by the immediate families of the principals.

This was the second change in the arrangements for the wedding necessitated by the illness of the bride's sister. When the little girl was taken ill it was decided to have the wedding at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Hugh Willett, in Inman Park. Instead of at the home of her parents on Peachtree street.

The attending physician, however, yesterday informed Mr. and Mrs. Davis that the illness of their little daughter would reach its crisis today and that this crisis would be grave enough to prevent their attending a wedding ceremony. On this account hasty preparations were made for the quiet marriage at the bride's own home last night.

In place of the brilliant wedding and reception which several hundred guests were to have attended this evening the ceremony was extremely simple and devoid of all the distinctive features of weddings in society. Dr. W. W. Landrum, pastor of the First Baptist church, officiated.

A Lenten Reflection.

WHETHER or not one accepts the Lenten season as a religious period when withdrawn from the world and its pleasures, men and women should rest their spirit and think of soul salvation. It is a time that for many reasons people who lead active lives might well abstain from the strenuousness that is a part of social life. It is a time when the clergyman recently when admonishing the members of his flock to abstain from "scampings."

"Know thyself," the great poet has said, and yet there are many people who go through life trying to know everybody else, and everything else, but they never take the time to study themselves—to acquire that poise which in man or woman is the result of the well-balanced soul, mind and body.

"Had I only stopped to think, I never would have done it or it never would have happened" is a common observation that is heard after some accident has happened, some mistake has been made, and people presumably well balanced realize that in regard to themselves or others they have made a blunder.

In the mad rush with which the world goes on the spirit of restlessness it engenders so affects the individual and people collectively it would seem that now of all times "Lent," instead of being out of fashion, should be a time in which there would be a quiet joy in the repose that is possible in observance of this season of fasting and abstinence. Bringing the subject down even to a more worldly basis, it would seem that variety would impel the average woman to rest for the prescribed forty days since the balance of the year is frequently passed in doing the very things that are opposed to good looks, i. e., the keeping of late hours, the loss of real rest, the eating of rich food at irregular times and the wear and tear upon the nervous system that the amusements and indulgence in those amusements coming under the head of "social pleasures."

No matter how robust a woman may be, how beautiful people tell her she is, she cannot afford to take undue advantage of either.

In resting her spirit, in the prescribed abstinence from worldly pleasures, the body has part in the repose and the mind—the much abused mind—has time for reflection. In the quietude of the conservation of the forces, for only forty days, would prove to many a tired soul the spiritual nectar that would mean the development of a new life within and a more wholesome and normal condition without.

Inman Park Day.

THE Sheltering Arms restaurant will be in charge today of the ladies of Inman Park, with Mrs. Charles Sheldon as chairman.

An elaborate and delicious menu will be served, and an unusually large crowd is expected.

On the reception committee will be: Mrs. Howard Palmer, Mrs. Sam D. Jones, Mrs. F. O. Foster and Mrs. Victor Moore. Those assisting in serving the guests will be: Mesdames Albert Herring, Elijah Brown, W. R. King, Sam Finley, C. D. Hurt, M. A. Hale, Fritz, Sam Prim, D. D. Pitchford, C. D. Maddox, Henderson, Cutler, Lupo, Charles Haynes, George Bell, J. C. Brooks, E. W. Newell, Miller, N. C. Stokes, Frank Akers, William Percy, C. K. Peterson, James Carson, J. R. Perdue, Greenfield, J. R. Dickey, W. D. Sheldon, George Beck, John Candler, J. R. Wilkerson, F. W.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O.

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! No baking! Add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.



Miss Callaway's Luncheon.

MRS. LULA CALLAWAY was the hostess at an enjoyable George Washington luncheon yesterday at her home on Piedmont avenue, in celebration of her birthday.

Liberty roses were used in decorating the house and in the center of the table was a loving cup filled with these flowers, while suspended from the chandelier were cherries and hangers.

The place cards were miniature hatchets, and placed at intervals over the table were candlesticks holding tapers and shades of red.

Miss Callaway wore a lovely gown of white voile, embroidered in blue and trimmed in blue panne velvet.

The guests included Miss Martha Lambert, Miss Ella May Bagley, Miss May Banker, Miss Ella May Thornton, Miss Nancy Waldo, Miss Agnes Laddson, Miss Beattie Shaw, Miss Julian Perdue, Miss Ethel Kelly, Miss Jennie Gray Thomas, Miss Edna Penick, Miss Martha Whitman, Mrs. Arthur Wilson and Mrs. Robert Hemphill.

A Brilliant Occasion.

A BRILLIANT occasion will be the buffet supper at the Capital City Club tomorrow evening, when the City Federation of Women's Clubs will entertain in compliment to the National Educational Association. The entertainment will be in the nature of a buffet supper served from 6 until 8 o'clock.

In the receiving line will be Mrs. Robert Emory Park, president of the city federation; Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, Mrs. James Jackson, president state federation; Major and Mrs. Livingston Mims, Mayor and Mrs. Evan P. Howell, Governor and Mrs. Terrell, Hon. Walter B. Hill, chancellor University of Georgia; Dr. Lyman Hall, president School of Technology; State School Commissioner Merritt, Major William F. Slaton, superintendent public schools of Atlanta; County School Commissioner Glenn, Hon. Luther Rosser, president board of education; Mrs. L. M. Stephens, president lady board of visitors.

Assisting in the entertainment of the guests will be the president and delegates of the federated clubs of the city. Invited to meet the distinguished visitors will be the faculty of the Georgia School of Technology, of the Boys' High school, the faculty of the Girls' High school, the president of the Marietta college, the principals and vice principals of the public schools of the city, the president of the Georgia Teachers' Association, of the Prather home school, of Thornbury college, the Agnes Scott Institute and of College Park.

Meetings.

The Earnest Workers of the Central Presbyterian church are cordially invited to hear Dr. Morrison, of Africa, at the manse, 75 Washington street, Tuesday at 3:30 p. m.

St. Mary's guild, Church of the Immaculate Conception, will meet during Lent, without further notice, every Tuesday at 3 p. m. in the Sunday school room of the church.

A meeting of the woman's board of the Atlanta Orchestra Association is called for this morning in the convention hall of the Piedmont at 11 o'clock. The meeting will be a short one.

The executive committee of the Florence Crittenton home will meet this morning at 9 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. M. R. Emmons, on Peachtree.

The Woman's Alliance will meet on Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Jackson, 180 West North avenue. This is the monthly literary meeting. Mr. Langston will give the fifth in a series of talks from Spencer's "Data of Ethics." Members and friends are cordially invited to attend.

Social Items.

The many friends of Mr. F. O. Spain will regret to learn of his departure from the Memorial hospital in Richmond, Va. Mrs. Spain is with him.

Mr. J. Chalmers Buchanan, formerly of Atlanta, but now of Portsmouth, Va., and Mr. F. C. Carlin left last Saturday for a visit to Washington, D. C.; Baltimore, Md.; Alexandria, Va., and other places of interest.

Mrs. E. L. Autry is the guest of friends in Debray.

Miss Ruth Hallman will entertain the Clover Leaf Whist Club this week.

Owing to indisposition in his family, Dr. R. B. Adair will not attend the National Dental Association, which convenes this week in Washington, D. C., but has delegated his son, Dr. Robin Adair, Jr., to read his paper at the convention.

Miss Lily May Terrell, of Alabama, who is spending the winter in Senola, Ga., was in the city last week for several days.

The Purim Ball.

THE Purim ball given annually by the Council of Jewish Women to the Sunday school children of the temple will be held on Tuesday evening, Feb. 23, at the Hebrew Orphan's home. It is to be a Mother Goose carnival, but a representative of any other fairy kingdom will be cheerfully admitted and given full consideration in the distribution of the prizes, which will be awarded for the most original costumes worn by boy and girl. The little revelers will be masters of the occasion until 10 p. m., at which hour Mother Goose has invited the sand man to appear and the ball room floor will be given over to their elders.

Fancy Dress Ball.

MRS. JULIA BLACKMER, of this city, is the attractive guest of Miss Florence Blackmer, in Debray, Fla., where she is being delightfully entertained.

One evening last week she and her hostess were the guests of honor at a fancy dress ball given by a number of the young men of Debray, which proved a beautiful and brilliant occasion.

The guests present were Miss Blackmer, who went as the gipsy girl; Miss Julia Blackmer, Mrs. Sherwood and Mr. Sherwood, French maid; Miss Sherwood, Weary Willie; Mrs. Hyde, Spanish dancer; Mr. Hyde, Arab; Miss Baker, Fruit and V. G. Association, of Debray; Mr. William Blackmer and Miss Tasker, Jack and Jill; Mr. Arthur Tasker, Sunny Jim; Mr. Rolle Jones and Mr. J. C. Green, clowns; Mr. Tom Blackmer, Little Boy Blue; Miss Kline, Little Boy Peep; Miss Kozar, yachting girl; Miss Kozar, French maid; Miss Kozar, Columbia; Mr. J. Leatherman, waiter; Mr. Milton Brown, Cream of Wheat; Miss Brown, Queen of Hearts; Mrs.

Klopp, dancing girl; Mr. McDonald, acolyte; Mr. Gordon Rousseau, cowboy; Mr. W. G. Corfe, mandarin; Mr. L. E. McLeod, butcher; Mrs. W. W. Blackmer, Mrs. R. C. Tasker, Women's Clubs and Mrs. W. D. Sherman, as Red Cross nurses, and Mrs. E. L. Autry.

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The place cards were miniature hatchets, and placed at intervals over the table were candlesticks holding tapers and shades of red.

Miss Callaway wore a lovely gown of white voile, embroidered in blue and trimmed in blue panne velvet.

The guests included Miss Martha Lambert, Miss Ella May Bagley, Miss May Banker, Miss Ella May Thornton, Miss Nancy Waldo, Miss Agnes Laddson, Miss Beattie Shaw, Miss Julian Perdue, Miss Ethel Kelly, Miss Jennie Gray Thomas, Miss Edna Penick, Miss Martha Whitman, Mrs. Arthur Wilson and Mrs. Robert Hemphill.

A Brilliant Occasion.

A BRILLIANT occasion will be the buffet supper at the Capital City Club tomorrow evening, when the City Federation of Women's Clubs will entertain in compliment to the National Educational Association. The entertainment will be in the nature of a buffet supper served from 6 until 8 o'clock.

In the receiving line will be Mrs. Robert Emory Park, president of the city federation; Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, Mrs. James Jackson, president state federation; Major and Mrs. Livingston Mims, Mayor and Mrs. Evan P. Howell, Governor and Mrs. Terrell, Hon. Walter B. Hill, chancellor University of Georgia; Dr. Lyman Hall, president School of Technology; State School Commissioner Merritt, Major William F. Slaton, superintendent public schools of Atlanta; County School Commissioner Glenn, Hon. Luther Rosser, president board of education; Mrs. L. M. Stephens, president lady board of visitors.

Assisting in the entertainment of the guests will be the president and delegates of the federated clubs of the city. Invited to meet the distinguished visitors will be the faculty of the Georgia School of Technology, of the Boys' High school, the faculty of the Girls' High school, the president of the Marietta college, the principals and vice principals of the public schools of the city, the president of the Georgia Teachers' Association, of the Prather home school, of Thornbury college, the Agnes Scott Institute and of College Park.

Meetings.

The Earnest Workers of the Central Presbyterian church are cordially invited to hear Dr. Morrison, of Africa, at the manse, 75 Washington street, Tuesday at 3:30 p. m.

St. Mary's guild, Church of the Immaculate Conception, will meet during Lent, without further notice, every Tuesday at 3 p. m. in the Sunday school room of the church.

A meeting of the woman's board of the Atlanta Orchestra Association is called for this morning in the convention hall of the Piedmont at 11 o'clock. The meeting will be a short one.

The executive committee of the Florence Crittenton home will meet this morning at 9 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. M. R. Emmons, on Peachtree.

The Woman's Alliance will meet on Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Jackson, 180 West North avenue. This is the monthly literary meeting. Mr. Langston will give the fifth in a series of talks from Spencer's "Data of Ethics." Members and friends are cordially invited to attend.

Social Items.

The many friends of Mr. F. O. Spain will regret to learn of his departure from the Memorial hospital in Richmond, Va. Mrs. Spain is with him.

Mr. J. Chalmers Buchanan, formerly of Atlanta, but now of Portsmouth, Va., and Mr. F. C. Carlin left last Saturday for a visit to Washington, D. C.; Baltimore, Md.; Alexandria, Va., and other places of interest.

Mrs. E. L. Autry is the guest of friends in Debray.

Miss Ruth Hallman will entertain the Clover Leaf Whist Club this week.

Owing to indisposition in his family, Dr. R. B. Adair will not attend the National Dental Association, which convenes this week in Washington, D. C., but has delegated his son, Dr. Robin Adair, Jr., to read his paper at the convention.

Miss Lily May Terrell, of Alabama, who is spending the winter in Senola, Ga., was in the city last week for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Wilson have returned to their home in Memphis.

Mrs. Floyd McRae has returned from a visit to Griffin.

Miss Louise Gay will entertain her card club this afternoon.

Miss Anna May Greene left yesterday for a visit to relatives near Rome, Ga.

Mrs. Thomas Roberts, of Philadelphia, is in the city.

Misses Minnie and Mary Redding, of South Carolina, are in the city for several days.

Miss Lily Reynolds, of Augusta, is the guest of Mrs. Claude Shewmake on St. Charles avenue.

Mrs. Walter Cothron has returned from a visit to relatives in Augusta.

Mrs. Luther Rosser and Mrs. H. Moxley are in Florida, where they will spend several weeks.

Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Connally left Saturday for New York to meet their daughters, Misses Nellie and Frances Connally, who have returned on a trip abroad.

A-La-SPIRITE CORSETS

ALL STRAIGHT FRONT MODELS

Hightower & Graves

Household Bargains

Going through the stock taking our yearly inventory, we find too many of the below listed articles.

These are handy things and well worth your attention. Each article mentioned is a Bargain.

With these Prices—we give Chamberlin's Blue or Green Trading Stamps.

Kitchen Spoons—8-inch Turquoise, 10c quality. 3c
Tile Pot Stand—35c quality. 12c
Turquoise Enamel Cup—1 pint size, 20c quality. 5c
Tea Trays—A lot of odds and ends. 3c

A Great Bargain.
Gray Enamel Bake Dishes Greatly Reduced.
Not skinned up seconds, but perfect goods.
1-qt. size Bake Pan. 5c
3-qt. size Bake Pan. 9c
6-qt. size Bake Pan. 19c
Kitchen Cook Knives—5-in. K Brand Sabatier, 35c quality. 19c

Hightower & Graves.

90 Whitehall.

KING EDWARD

HURT BY FALL

Stumbles While on Warship and Leg Is Injured.

Portsmouth, February 22.—While inspecting the cruiser Cumberland, King Edward has been much inconvenienced by the injuries resulting from a fall.

The king visited Portsmouth in the course of a royal inspection of the naval stations, and decided to make a detailed tour of the Cumberland. He was walking under the armored deck when, although the ship was brilliantly illuminated with electric lights, the king's foot struck the sill of a compartment door and he stumbled and pitched forward. In his fall he injured his leg, but when assisted to his feet, declared the hurt was slight. He limped ashore almost unaided, but later complained of pain and was compelled to sit while receiving the gymnastic exercises given in the naval barracks.

Southerners in New York City. Southern families visiting New York city will find a most comfortable house with refined, quiet surroundings at the Buckingham hotel on Fifth avenue, corner of Fifth street, one of the choicest locations in New York. The hotel is modern and first-class in all its departments and is under the personal direction of Mr. Charles L. Wetherbee, a veteran in the hotel business.

EIGHT PRISONERS ESCAPE.

They Had Smuggled Picks Into the Jail and Got Out Easily.

Anniston, Ala., February 22.—Eight prisoners of the city jail succeeded in making their escape at an early hour this morning, and up to 2 o'clock this afternoon none had been recaptured. At 5:30 o'clock today all prisoners were turned into the jail corridor to take a bath. Picks had been smuggled in by the prisoners, and while the warden was attending to his duties in another part of the jail the men pried an opening near a window in the brick wall, dropping 15 feet to the ground.

Acting Warden Beale has been suspended by the mayor on account of the escape. Those escaping were: Floyd Johnson, Scamille West, Harrison Graham, Bob Lewis, Tom Hester, George Elder, Harry McClellery and another, name unknown. Johnson was serving a long sentence for two former escapes, being recaptured in Bessemer both times. The police are using every available effort to recapture the convicts.

Cured at your home.

BLACKHEADS

pimples, eruptions, large pores and all other disorders affecting the skin and complexion. Full information and book free. Call or write personally to John H. Woodbury D. L., 22 West 23rd Street, New York.

SURBER FIRED AT ATTORNEY

Lawyer Had Struck the Officer with an Inkstand.

Colonel David A. Gates, United States internal revenue agent, has received information regarding a desperate encounter that occurred in a United States commissioner's court room in Marianna, Fla., between Deputy Collector James H. Surber, of Atlanta, and W. H. Price, an attorney of Marianna, and in which the Atlanta used his revolver.

Surber has been arrested by the sheriff of Marianna on a warrant sworn out by Price, charging him with assault with intent to murder. The officer waived a preliminary hearing and was released on a bond of \$500, pending action by the grand jury.

The fight occurred on Thursday during the trial before United States Commissioner John Thomas Porter, of two alleged illicit distillers. Surber was sent to Florida about six weeks ago by Colonel Gates, and has been doing excellent work there, a number of stills having been seized and destroyed. Last week, he destroyed five stills and arrested two men, taking them before Commissioner Porter for a preliminary trial.

According to a letter from Surber, Price represented one of the defendants, and during the trial endeavored to force the officer to reveal the name of his informant. This Surber declined to do, and the court sustained him. Surber states that the attorney then began to abuse him, making the remark that he was going over the country swearing against people merely for a few dollars.

The Atlanta officer instantly resented this charge, leaping to his feet and calling the attorney down. Price, it is stated, seized an inkstand and hurled it at the officer, the missile striking Surber on the head. Quickly, the officer had out his revolver and fired directly at his antagonist. The bullet entered Price's clothing, and the attorney dodged under a table to escape injury. Surber, however, fired only one shot.

Surber is not considered very strong physically, and Colonel Gates sends him to Florida to work every winter.

Colonel Gates has wired Surber that he sustains his conduct in every particular, and that he will be aided in every way necessary in his trial for the shooting.

THE LEADING OPTICAL HOUSE

of Jno. L. Moore & Sons has every optical staple or specialty at all in demand. All kinds of eye-glasses, chains, plectra, opera and field glasses in stock. 42 N. Broad st., Prudential building.

Odd Pieces of Fine China

Handsomeness, Plates, Fancy Dishes, Chocolate Pots—scores of beautiful single pieces from the best potteries and most artistic decorators of the old world—are here for your choosing.

Dobbs and Wey Co.

57 North Pryor Street, next to the Equitable Building.

WEDDING HINTS

Our suggestions in glassware begin and end with elegance and originality. For pretentious choice or for modest material and the art embodied in it are the most approved, whether the choice is of Rock Crystal, Cut Glass or Tiffany Favrile.

DAVIS & FREEMAN, Jewelers.

Diamonds and Jewelry

RAYNES & MELLICHAMP, 37 Whitehall St.

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN, GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS,

24 1/2 Whitehall St., Over Brown & Allen Drug Co. Store.

Teeth Extracted Positively without Pain.

Call and have your teeth examined Free of Charge.

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Teeth Extracted Positively without Pain.

Call and have your teeth examined Free of Charge.



193 Colored Shirts

50c, 75c and \$1.00 qualities to be closed

At 35c Each.

3 for \$1.00.

They are broken lots, stiff bosoms and negligees. Only in sizes 14, 14 1/2, 15 1/2, 16, 16 1/2 and 17. We expect to sell every one by tomorrow evening. Be on time.

EISEMAN & WEIL,

Men's and Boys' Outfitters, 1 WHITEHALL STREET "The Daylight Corner."

What stands for diamond probity? The quality of the stone is the equation by which every diamond problem is solved.

Charles W. Crankshaw,

In the Century Building.

WEDDING HINTS

Our suggestions in glassware begin and end with elegance and originality. For pretentious choice or for modest material and the art embodied in it are the most approved, whether the choice is of Rock Crystal, Cut Glass or Tiffany Favrile.

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See Thursday's Constitution for Leading Merchants' Midweek Bargains

HEARST WANTS COLONEL GRAVES

Has Tendered Him Splendid Position in Washington.

Wants Him To Become Editor of Hearst News Syndicate at Handsome Salary—Mr. Graves Will Talk About Governorship Today.

Hon. John Temple Graves, editor of The Atlanta News, according to a New York dispatch to The Constitution, has been tendered a splendid position in connection with the William R. Hearst publications, with headquarters in Washington.

The dispatch to The Constitution is as follows: "New York, February 22.—(Special.)—Hon. John Temple Graves, editor of The Atlanta News, according to a New York dispatch to The Constitution, has been tendered a splendid position in connection with the William R. Hearst publications, with headquarters in Washington at a handsome salary. It is understood that he may subsequently be connected with Mr. Hearst's Washington paper, announcement of the forthcoming publication of which has been made. Mr. Graves, it is thought, may accept, though definite answer has not yet been received from him."

To Do Editorial Work. Though the dispatch speaks of the Hearst literary bureau, it is learned that the position which has been tendered Mr. Graves is that of editor of the Washington bureau for all the Hearst publications, including his seven newspapers in New York, Chicago and San Francisco. The offer to Mr. Graves, it is understood, includes the managing editorship of Mr. Hearst's Washington paper whenever that shall be published.

Offer Will Not Be Accepted. When asked concerning the foregoing telegram from New York, Colonel Graves said:

"It is true that I have received the offer of an editorial position with the Hearst newspapers. But while I greatly appreciate the offer, I am editor of The Atlanta News and can at present see no position as completely satisfactory to my taste as inclination as that I now occupy."

Colonel Graves will make a definite statement today concerning the gubernatorial race.

NEGRO STRIKES YOUNG WOMAN

Athens Citizens May Lynch Black Demon If He Is Found.

Athens, Ga., February 22.—Great excitement prevailed in this city yesterday afternoon at the report that Miss Rose Mundy, a popular young woman, and member of a well known family, had been rudely accosted by a negro man, who had struck her a severe blow, nearly knocking her down.

The occurrence took place in the residence portion of the city, at the intersection of Meigs and Church streets, about 2 o'clock as the young woman was going to her lunch from the business section of the city, where she is employed as a stenographer.

When the news spread over the city that Miss Mundy had been struck by the negro, the entire police force were mounted and put in search of the man, and they were quickly joined by hundreds of citizens. Up to a late hour the search has been unsuccessful, but it is still being continued, and should the man be caught, a lynching will probably follow.

Made of Lemons. Moseley's Lemon Elixir is the most pleasant laxative as well as the most effective. Sold by all druggists.

Resulted in a Mistrial. Columbus, Miss., February 22.—(Special.)—The case of State v. J. T. Gannon charged with the murder of Hearen, which has been the subject of the circuit court of Lafour county for several days past, resulted in a mistrial and the jury has been discharged. Gannon's defense in the case was self-defense, while at the preliminary trial last December he claimed the killing was done on account of Hearen having insulted his wife.

Nature's Pepsin.



It sharpens the appetite. It promotes digestion. It quickens the gastric juice. It tones every organ. It soothes the nerves. It makes rich, red blood. It builds the white corpuscles. It brings the sleep of childhood. It puts the invigorating thrill of perfect health into all parts of the body and lifts man or woman to new heights of mental and physical enjoyment.

All druggists. Large bottle \$1.00. Paw-Paw Pills 25 cents per bottle.

ATLANTA CARRIED OFF THE HONORS

Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium Contests Won by Narrow Margin.

State Y. M. C. A. Convention Largely Attended—Teams from Atlanta, Augusta, Athens, Columbus, Macon and Savannah in Gym Contest.

Augusta, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—Atlanta carried off the honors in the gymnasium contests by a narrow margin. In the afternoon contests there were teams from Atlanta, Augusta, Athens, Columbus, Macon, Savannah, it being understood that two teams making the best scores would contest tonight for the championship. The afternoon score announced tonight was:

Savannah 415, Columbus 413, Athens 399, Macon 300. Macon had only four men, when the prescribed team was five. The score of Atlanta and Augusta was not given in the afternoon contest, as they had to compete again tonight. The gymnasium was crowded to the doors with spectators and the contest was so close it took the official score to decide. It was: Atlanta 490½, Augusta 430.

Fair weather gladdened Y. M. C. A. convention delegates today, and the exercises of the convention have been much enjoyed.

Vacancies on the state executive committee were filled as follows: for the next three years: E. J. Bondurant and Henry Hodgson, Athens; C. E. Carter, Atlanta; George R. Lombard and Charles E. Whitney, Augusta; F. L. Mallory, Macon; W. B. Stubb and J. E. Franks, Savannah.

The principal speakers tomorrow are J. M. Dick, Boston, on boys' work; C. K. Ober, New York; Advanced Lines in Christian Work; C. L. Gates, Atlanta, on American System of Athletics. After the gymnasium contests tonight basketball matches were played between Atlanta and Macon and Atlanta and Savannah.

In the basketball contest between Atlanta and Savannah, the latter won by a score of 19 to 9.

Assets Placed at \$11,103,044.

Houston, Tex., February 22.—The receivers of the Kirby Lumber Company today returned to the federal court a statement showing the assets and liabilities of the concern, placing both of them at \$11,103,044. It is stated that the inventory was not made on personal inventory, but on the basis of the "investment value," showing that it is not a liability.

Negro Woman Burns to Death. Columbus, Miss., February 22.—(Special.)—Fire this morning destroyed a cabin in the southern part of town, burning Hester Wood, a negro 80 years old, to death.

GRIGGS IS SUGGESTED AS DELEGATION CHAIRMAN

CONGRESSMAN James M. Griggs, of the second Georgia district, is being generally talked of throughout the state now for the position of delegate from the state at large to the national democratic convention, and in that connection, also, as chairman of the Georgia delegation at St. Louis. The fact is Congressman Griggs' friends are generally urging his claims for this position, and wherever it has been mentioned the sentiment seems to favor this claim. As chairman of the congressional campaign committee, to which important position he was called by his democratic associates in congress, he handled a difficult situation with much ability and won plaudits from prominent democrats everywhere throughout the country. Mr. Griggs has never lost an opportunity to advance the interests of his party, nor of his state, and it is for these reasons that his friends throughout the state recognize him as the best man for this position.

It is understood on good authority that the matter has been suggested to Congressman Griggs by friends, and that he would be glad to accept one of the positions as delegate from the state at large to the democratic convention, provided that he did not have to enter into any scramble for it.

Mr. Griggs' friends, it is believed, will, before long, be able to give him reasonable assurance that the state convention would be glad to honor him with such recognition, and in the event they do, there is no doubt that he will become a candidate.

Political and News Notes.

Alex. W. Stephens, one of Atlanta's well known young lawyers, is being talked of prominently as a candidate for the legislature from Fulton. Mr. Stephens, when asked about the matter, said some of his friends had urged him to enter the race, and he had been thinking about it. He did not know what he would do, but if he decided to run he said his announcement would be forthcoming within the next few days.

Captain J. R. Stokes, of Augusta, adjutant of the Third regiment, infantry, was in the city yesterday, and called at the capitol. Captain Stokes said there had been a genuine revival of the military spirit in Augusta, and that with the reorganization of the two companies these things were in better shape than ever before.

Hon. Hugh V. Washington, vice commissioner for Georgia to the St. Louis exposition, arrived in Atlanta last night and will have a conference with Mayor Howell today. It is proposed to arrange for a meeting tomorrow of the finance committee of council and the county commissioners, before which will be presented a request for a subscription of \$2,500 from Atlanta and Fulton county. Mr. Washington and Commissioner General Hughes will present the matter before the proposed meeting.

Colonel W. L. Peck and wife, of Conway, were in the city yesterday and during the day visited the capitol.

PANAMA TREATY WILL WIN TODAY

Large Majority of Senators Will Support Ratification.

Over Half the Democrats Will Vote for the Convention and All of the Republicans—Hoar Now Favors Ratification.

Washington, February 22.—Senator Culom, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, had a conference with the president today regarding the vote tomorrow on the Panama treaty and the probability of the necessity for some additional canal legislation. Just what legislation may be needed has not been determined yet, but Senator Culom intimated that if any legislation is necessary it might be attached to one of the appropriation bills.

Developments of the last few days indicate that the canal treaty will be ratified without trouble. More than half of the democratic votes in the senate will be cast in favor of the treaty and the convention will have the unanimous support of the republicans, Senator Hoar having announced today his intention to support the treaty.

Cheap Settlers' Tickets to the West.

On March 1st and 15th the "Frisco System" will sell one way settlers' tickets from Birmingham, Alabama, to all points in Oklahoma and Indian Territory for \$10. On some dates will sell round trip "Homeseekers' tickets from Birmingham to all points in Oklahoma and Indian Territory for \$15.00. Round trip tickets \$21 days, with stop-over privileges. Write or call on S. J. PARKYOT, Dis. Pass. Agt., corner Pryor and Decatur sts., Atlanta, Ga., who will gladly give further information.

PANAMA CANAL WORRIES HUNS

International Action Regarding Its Future Use Is Suggested.

Vienna, February 22.—At today's session of the Hungarian delegation an interpretation was made by Count Emerich Szechenyi, who asked whether the ministry of foreign affairs did not consider it possible, and even necessary, to join with other powers in taking international action regarding the future use of the Panama canal in order to secure equal treaty for foreign vessels in time of peace and war.

Minister Mueller, on behalf of Count Goluchowski, Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, answered the interpretation by saying that if this question became an actual one, the initiative in these matters would have to be taken by powers more directly interested.

GERMAN PRAISE FOR AMERICA.

Vonsternberg Lauds Hay's Note Regarding China.

Philadelphia, February 22.—Baron Herman Speck von Sternberg, the German ambassador to the United States, upon whom the University of Pennsylvania today conferred the degree of doctor of laws, was the principal speaker at the regular monthly meeting tonight of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, at the New Century drawing room. A large audience warmly greeted the baron, when he was presented by Professor L. S. Rowe, president of the academy.

The subject of his address was "The Germans as Colonizers." He concluded his address by briefly touching on the situation in the Far East and his complimentary reference to the Washington government in inviting "the powers of the world to act in concert so as to preserve the integrity of China and to prevent a conflagration, the limit of which no human mind would be able to forecast," was enthusiastically received.

FATHER AND SON MEET ONCE MORE

G. W. Aderhold Visits His Father at Tallapoosa, Ga.

After Civil War, Not Hearing from His People, He Went to Ohio and Married. Happy Reunion.

Carrollton, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—G. W. Aderhold, of Canton, Ohio, visited his father, Mike Aderhold, at Tallapoosa, Ga., a short distance northwest of here, Sunday. His father is now 92 years old and neither had heard of the other for 40 years, the son having left Carroll county, Georgia, a volunteer in the confederate army, 42 years ago, and since the war they had never heard of each other until a few weeks ago, when communication was reestablished and the happy meeting again made possible.

The son had gone west at the close of the war, but owing to the destroyed communication in this section, after repeated efforts to get information by mail, he despaired of ever locating his people, and presumed they were all dead. In a few years he removed to Canton, Ohio, where he has since lived and where he married. He is accompanied by a son, a young man of prominence, who only a few months ago wrote to the sheriff of Carroll county and gave his father's version of his family history and the circumstances of his departure. This was turned over to the family of Mr. Aderhold's brother here and the letter answered, carrying to the Ohio man the marvelous information that his father yet lived at the age of 92, active and clear minded, and that a brother lived here. Two sisters he had never seen had families of children, themselves grown.

All this brought the Ohio man and his son on a visit to the childhood home and acquaintances of the sire, and they were happily reunited at the aged grandfather's place in Tallapoosa on Sunday last.

OLD MAN KILLED BY TRAIN.

Register Stepped on Track When the Train Was Near Him.

Dublin, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—Yesterday morning near Minter, a station on the line of the Macon, Dublin and Savannah road, about 10 miles from Dublin, Jeff Register, a white man, was killed by the morning passenger train from Savannah.

Register was walking alongside of the track and seemed to become excited at the approach of the train, stepping on the track just in time to be struck by the engine. He was killed instantly, both arms and one leg being broken and a big hole knocked in the back part of his head.

The remains of Register were brought to Dublin and prepared for burial at the expense of the road. In the afternoon his remains were carried back to Minter and were interred today at Conder. Register was said to have been one of the best soldiers that went to the war from Laurens county. For years he has been pointed out as one of the oddest characters in the county.

Are You Going To Paint Your House?

If you are this little story ought to interest you. It's true—every word of it.

At a sheriff's sale in a Connecticut town a few days ago, a stock consisting of various lots of well-known mixed paints was sold at public outcry. Included in the stock was about 160 gallons of Harrison's "Town and Country" Paints in a great variety of colors, ranging from 1 to 4 gallons of each, in pints, quarts and gallons.

Though the packages were in good condition, the variety of colors and small amount of each made practically a job lot, and one man who bought stated that, though for his purpose he would have to mix various shades and paint with the resulting color, "it was quality, not color that he wanted."

The other brands were sold first and brought 40c to 50c a gallon; but when "Town and Country" was put up, the bidding changed. The first lot sold at \$1.15, another at \$1.20 and another at \$1.30. The average price was \$1.20.

The buyers were farmers, painters, contractors—consumers who knew the value and lasting qualities of the various paints and they were willing to pay

3 times as much for "Town and Country" as for other well-known paints.

Does this little incident hold a moral for you? Don't you think you'd better look into the matter when you need paint and let us sell you the best of all—

Harrison's "Town and Country?"

It costs about the same as—or a very little more than—the paints that won't last—that never look right and always give trouble.

Bathroom Fixtures.

Our stock of Bathroom fixtures is complete and larger than ever before. Every kind of new device for convenience and beauty is included in the great variety shown.

There are towel racks, glass holders, tooth-brush holders, soap racks, paper holders, etc., etc.—all in brightly polished nickel, easy to clean and handsome in appearance.

All these fixtures are of very best quality, but our prices are very reasonable—surprisingly low in most cases.

Nickel-plated Ware.

Our display of Nickel-plated Ware is of interest to every housewife who desires elegance in the home's furnishings.

The collection embraces coffee urns and pots, teapots, teakettles, trays, cuspidors, etc., etc. This week we offer, as a special inducement for you to visit this department, the following:

Heavy, full nickel-plated Teakettles, with enameled wood handles and hinged tops, Size No. 7, \$1.50 value, at \$1.25; Size No. 8, \$1.75 value, at \$1.50.

SPECIAL PRICES ON THE FAMOUS KIN-HEE COFFEE POTS.

The Kin-Hee Coffee Pot is one of the best and most economical coffee makers ever invented. With it you can make delicious, strong coffee by using but one teaspoonful of coffee to the cup. Easy to operate, perfectly simple—nothing to get out of order about it—will last a lifetime. Full nickel plated and very handsome for the table.

Size for 5 cups, \$1.00; 7 cups, \$1.25; 11 cups, \$1.50; 15 cups, \$1.75.

KING HARDWARE CO.

51-53-55 PEACHTREE STREET.

TO USE WOMEN FOR SHIELDS

Daring Plan of Life Convicts To Escape Is Balked.

Santa Fe, N. Mex., February 22.—

Seven life convicts at the New Mexico penitentiary today overpowered Acting Superintendent R. C. Garrett, cut him with a knife because he would not give up the combination to the army. They were subdued by the guards before they could accomplish their apparent purpose to seize the wives and children of the penitentiary officials and use them as shields.

For Franco-American Reciprocity.

Washington, February 22.—Representative Williams, of Mississippi, introduced a bill today to enforce by executive act the provisions of the reciprocity treaty between France and the United States, which failed of ratification in the United States senate. The bill provides that the tariff schedules for each country agreed on in this treaty shall be made effective through the proclamation of respective presidents of the two republics.

CONVICTS TO BE VACCINATED.

Case of Smallpox in Newton County Convict Camp.

Covington, Ga., February 22.—(Special.)—A case of smallpox having developed in the county convict camp, located near the city, the county commissioners have ordered that the entire camp be vaccinated as soon as possible. So far as is known this is the only case of smallpox within 10 miles of Covington.

Bill Minter, a negro preacher, was arrested here today for running a blind by the ladies of this city. Not only are samples shown of all the latest and most artistic styles, but also the grouping of various home decorations for artistic color effects and harmonious ensemble.

There is no admission charge and every lady is invited to attend.

Schooners in Collision.

Norfolk, Va., February 22.—The schooners Governor Ames and Alice B. Phillips drifted together during a fog in Hampton Roads this afternoon. Both sustained slight damage to their bow gear.

Tut's Pills

FOR TORPID LIVER.

A torpid liver deranges the whole system, and produces

SICK HEADACHE,

Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Sallow Skin and Piles.

There is no better remedy for these common diseases than DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS, as a trial will prove.

Take No Substitute.

All information necessary for buyers is given in full by post and specifications, which can be seen at the office of the clerk of the board of commissioners of roads and revenue of Fulton county, at Atlanta, Ga., and at the office of the ordinary of Cobb county at Marietta, Ga.

Payments for work and material to be made in cash from time to time as the work progresses, on estimates made by the supervising engineer, less 25 per cent, and upon completion and acceptance of the work, the balance to be paid in cash.

The bidders must, at the time of bidding, file with the said authorities of said Fulton county and Cobb county, and payable to them, their certified checks in amount of Five Hundred Dollars, said checks to be certified by some bank in Atlanta or Marietta, Ga., as a guarantee that the said bidder, whom the contract is awarded will within ten days after said award file his bond as the law requires in double the amount of contract price for the faithful performance of said contract. On his failure to do so, the said check is to be forfeited to said counties as damages. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

H. E. W. PALMER, Chairman, Commissioners of Roads and Revenue of Fulton County, Ga.

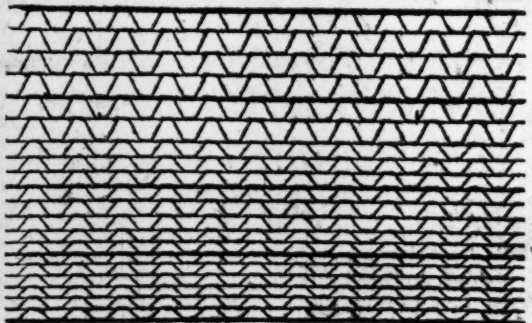
JOHN A. WATKINS, Ordinary, Cobb County, Ga.

J. R. DE LONG, Supervising Engineer, Marietta, Ga.

Dated February 1, 1904.

JOHN S. FANCHEN, Trustee.

POULTRY FENCE



36-inch, 30c per Rod 60-inch, 50c per Rod
48-inch, 40c per Rod 72-inch, 60c per Rod

10 rods in one roll. No order taken for less than 10 rods. This is not a cheap netting, but is a strong fence, reinforced every 12 inches.

ANDERSON HARDWARE CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

KILLS PAIN
Better and quicker than anything else in the World.
SLOAN'S LINIMENT
PENETRATES WONDERFULLY
All Dealers

See Thursday's Constitution for Leading Merchants' Midweek Bargains

DERESZKE, 5 TO 1, WINS HANDICAP

He Easily Defeats Tribes Hill
at New Orleans.

The Race Was Worth \$1,455 to the Winner—Tribes Hill, Heavily Backed by Talent, Finished Third—Cedar Rapids Only Other Beaten Favorite.

New Orleans, February 22.—The defeat of Tribes Hill, a strong favorite in the George Washington handicap, was the feature of today's racing. De Reszke and Mauser, neither fancied in the betting, finished necks apart for the prize of \$1,455. The slow, lumpy track tired the early running. Cedar Rapids was the only other beaten favorite. Our Lillie was run up from \$800 to \$1,000 after the second race and bought in.

FIRST RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Lillie, 105 (Robbins), 3 to 2; Mauser, 107 (Fuller), 10 to 1; Mammon, 107 (L. Wilson), 6 to 1; third, Time, 1:08 4-5. Chanley, Tom O'Day, Arthur, World, Cedar and Overton ran.

SECOND RACE—Selling, five furlongs: Our Lillie, 98 (Aubuchon), 18 to 5; won; Bronx, 97 (J. Hennessy), 3 to 1; second; Lady Free Knight, 98 (Livingston), 7 to 1; third, Time, 1:16 1-5. Jim Ferrin, Alcom, Overhand, Cedar Rapids, Ryeval and Algonquin ran.

THIRD RACE—Two-year-olds, half mile: Archie Lad, 120 (Fuller), 1 to 2; won; Dixie Lad, 110 (Robbins), 15 to 1; second; Isabella D. 107 (Cavett), 9 to 1; third, Time, 1:49. Lethelst, Little Pearl of Gallantry, Michael Byrnes, Arty, The Juggler, Cashier, Carrie Potter and Eolia ran.

FOURTH RACE—George Washington handicap, mile and 20 yards: De Reszke, 104 (Robbins), 5 to 1; won; Mauser, 92 (Aubuchon), 10 to 1; second; Tribes Hill, 116 (Fuller), 11 to 5; third, Time, 1:43 4-5. New York, Floral King, Huzzah, Fort Plain, Bon Mot and Monograph ran.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, mile and 70 yards: Grayson, 108 (Livingston), 3 to 1; won; Bud Embury, 101 (Travers), 9 to 1; second; Emigre, 101 (Nico), 8 to 1; third, Time, 1:47. Velos, Lingo, Charles D and Medal ran.

SIXTH RACE—Six and a half furlongs: Tedman, 85 (L. Wilson), 6 to 5; won; Syracuse, 99 (McCauley), 3 to 1; second; Lady Radnor, 100 (Romanelli), 60 to 1; third, Time, 1:21 3-5. Inquisitive Girl, Inimicable, Den, Dorothy Osborne and Antigone ran.

Today's Entries at New Orleans.
First Race—Mile, selling: Mildred L. 85, Probable, Young Jesse, 87; Hobson's Choice, 92; John Boyce, 98; Barnacle, Helen, 100; Digger, 109; Meister Singer, North Wind, 112.

Second Race—Three-quarters of a mile: Lacache, 101; Options, 102; Caterpillar, 104; Burning Glass, 106; Neither One, 107; Tully H., 108; Jake Weber, Boundling, Frank Rice, George Dasch, 109.

Third Race—Mile and 20 yards, purse: Caryota, Rachael Ward, 97; Electric Plant, 99; Tallohet, Conkling, 102; Redman, 104; Ostich, Foresight, 112.

Fourth Race—Selling: Estolish, 87; Regan, 92; Gus Heidorn, 95; Nine Spot, 98; John Coulter, 100; Satchel, 102; Royal Parrot, 103; Badger, 104; Dr. Garlick, 107; Nimbly, 108; Aules, 109.

Fifth Race—Five and a half furlongs, purse: Mankak, 91; Blue Garter, Clear Arena, Ed Callahan, 94; Merry Sport, 102; La Toka, Bull Hornet, Arachue, Delago, 104; Pretorius, 105; Frank Bell, 108; Blue Bird, 109.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Exapo, 87; Versavia, 90; Dutch Carter, 92; Past, Mini Bell, 93; Circus Girl, Blue Mint, 98; Tancered, 102; Frank McConell, 103; Comundrum, 104; Tangible, 105; Lee King, 114.

Want Providence Diocese Divided.
Rome, February 22.—At today's meeting of the congregation of the proposed diocese it was decided to propose to the pope that the diocese of Providence, R. I., be divided. Fall River to be selected as the see of the new diocese, and the Rev. William Stang, of Providence, be chosen as the new bishop.

ATLANTA NEEDS HEAVY BATTERS

Not a Single Man on the
Gate City Team Bats
300

Manager Powell, of the Atlanta team, is evidently trying to equal the record of Manager Stallings, of Buffalo, in the line of signing players. Stallings is reported to have fifty men under contract, and Powell is signing more men each day.

The Atlanta team at present lacks strength in batting, and is weaker here than at any other point. So far not a single man has been signed who can lace the ball at the rate of .300. The batting average of the majority of the men on the team hangs around the .250 mark, and very few of them do better.

The records of the different men are as follows:
First Base—O'Hagan, of Newark, in the Eastern League, batting average .253, played in 132 games, stole 35 bases, and fielded .979; Mellor, bought from Columbus, in the American Association, played in 116 games, batted .259, stole 6 bases, and fielded .977.

Second Base—Morse, of the Atlanta team last year, played in 41 games, batted .276, stole 6 bases, and fielded .943.
Shortstop—Dolan, of the Omaha team, in the Western League, played in 51 games, batted .246, stole 9 bases, and fielded .919.

Third Base—Carg, bought from Nashville, played in 114 games, batted .256, stole 9 bases, and fielded .917.
Catchers—Lusk, of Buffalo, in the Eastern League, played in 31 games, batted .232, stole 2 bases, and fielded .927; Clarke, of the Little Rock team, played in 41 games, batted .253, and fielded .976.

Outfielders—Crozier, of the Atlanta team, played in 91 games, batted .256, stole 19 bases, and fielded .846; Koehler, of the Atlanta team, played in 114 games, batted .269, stole 18 bases, and fielded .933; and three Texas leaguers whom Powell claims to be good men—Hayes, Fleiss and Hardy.

Pitchers—Ely, of the Atlanta team, played in 33 games, won .531 per cent, hit .163 and stole 2 bases; McKinn, of the Columbus team, American Association, played in 43 games, won .500 per cent, and batted .210; McKay, of the Oakland team, in the Pacific Coast League, pitched 17 games, batted .280, and won .429 per cent of his games, and he fielded third among the pitchers; Hardy, of the Buffalo team, played 18 games, batted .192, and won .600 of his games; McGill, of the Decatur team, and Torrence, of the Three I League, and Tribbens are fair pitchers. Hog and Bagwell are amateurs.

This is the way that the Atlanta team looks viewed from the standpoint of records made last year. Whether the men will do better in the coming season or whether their work will grow worse is hard to say.
Mellor is generally a splendid player. Manager Powell stated that he was sick all last year, and was therefore not in good condition. He believes that he will do better this year. Lusk, of Buffalo, is a fairly good catcher, but his last year's record as a batter is not encouraging.

The note that Jars the most in news collected recently about the different members of the team is the fact that Koehler is scheduled to return to the Gate City and resume his position in the center field and to bat left-handed.

This announcement has a humorous side. It is a well-known fact that it strained Koehler in his palmist hours last year to make good batting right-handed. What will he do batting in such an unaccustomed way?

Blind Violinist's Bloody Work.
St. Louis, Mo., February 22.—Steven Mauck, a blind violinist, shot and dangerously wounded his 14-year-old daughter, Eva, today and then blew out his own brains. He is believed to have been insane.

AT ASCOT.

THREE OF THE FAVORITES
REWARDED THE TALENT

Los Angeles, February 22.—After a hard fight with Rag Tag, Oarsman was the mile handicap at Ascot park today in the fast time of 1:39 4-5. Three favorites and one second choice won.

Weather clear, track fast.
FIRST RACE—Half mile: El Oros, 103 (Hildebrand), 5 to 1; won; Hilona, 110 (Prior), 3 to 2; second; Pirella, 100 (Mountain), 3 to 2; third, Time, 1:49. Deyon B, Buckster, Hodi, Auro and Lady Blanton ran.

SECOND RACE—Mile, selling: Columbia Girl, 98 (M. Johnson), 6 to 5; won; Iras, 107 (Redfern), 5 to 1; second; Miles, 116 (F. Kelly), 6 to 1; third, Time, 1:43. Turtle, Dupont, Blue Miracle, Besale Welby, McGrathiana Prince ran.

THIRD RACE—Selling, course, selling: Durbar, 92 (J. Lewis), 3 to 1; won; Chief Aloha, 109 (Feltch), 7 to 1; second; Lady Forme, 92 (Anderson), 10 to 1; third, Time, 1:11 3-5. Annie Robinson, Plea, Colleen Bawn, Olivo, Meteora, Jack Richelieu, Judge Naptan, Scepter, Inoelence, Lady Rice and Jim Gure 11 ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile, handicap: Osmann, 126 (Wonderly), 6 to 5; won; Rag Tag, 98 (Hildebrand), 11 to 5; second; Nitrate, 109 (Redfern), 3 to 1; third, Time, 1:39 4-5. Grahl, M. P. Tarpey, Golden Rule and Bragg ran.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, course, selling: Naanon, 105 (Hildebrand), 2 to 1; won; Osmann, 126 (Wonderly), 2 to 1; second; Marela, 110 (Prior), 10 to 1; third, Time, 1:11 1-2. Tibbie, Emshie, Christopher, Silver Fir, Sallie Goodwin, Golden Rule and Bragg ran.

SIXTH RACE—Seven-eighths of a mile, handicap: Elfin King, 98 (Hildebrand), 2 to 1; won; Glenne, 98 (Redfern), 2 to 1; second; Dollie Hagman, 95 (Lowe), 8 to 1; third, Time, 1:28. C. B. Campbell, Blissful, Gloriosa ran.

Today's Entries at Ascot.
First Race—Five-eighths of a mile: Magic Fint, Caburn, Bluff, 107; Buster, Leonardo, Moonstone, 109; Lifer, 112; Eva D., Mistletoe, 112; Liba, Capitol, Gentle Harry, 115; Fonceasta, El Hamard, Roscoe, 118.

Second Race—Mile, selling: "Maud M. 93; Chemist, Sherry, 95; Honage, 96; Blue Ridge, Lou Weisner, Bennet Gray, Insolence, 103; Dr. Shorb, Grey Morn, Alabaster, 104.

Third Race—Hurdle handicap, mile and an eighth: Lurdan, Decimo, Sir Hugh, 103; Thos. 125; Her Apparent, 128; Poorland, 170.

Fourth Race—Mile and a sixteenth: Mezzo, 94; Platonius, 95; Sals, 100; Greenock, 106; Nant, 107; J. J. Kirby, 104; Evander, Jim Hale, 109.

Sixth Race—Mile, selling: Casador, 95; Marti, 103; Wager, 104; Admetus, 107; Ultrada, Dollie Weithoff, Bueneuth, Labrador, Lumar, 107; Rio Chico, 109; Canajo, 110.

Side Trips from Atlanta National Educational Association.
To visitors to Atlanta account of the National Educational Association, the SOUTHERN RAILWAY will sell tickets from Atlanta, Ga., to points within a radius of one hundred and fifty miles of Atlanta at rate of ONE FARE for ROUND TRIP; tickets to be sold February 25th and 26th, 1904, on presentation of return portion of round trip ticket to Atlanta, or receipt showing ticket has been deposited with the special agent.

For information apply to Southern Railway ticket office, 100 N. Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga. J. C. BEAM, JR., District Passenger Agent.

AT OAKLAND

BOMBARDIER, ODDS 6 TO 1,
WINS CALIFORNIA DERBY

San Francisco, February 22.—Bombardier, the clever son of Mexico and Middle Dwyer, ridden by See, won the California derby at Oakland today. He defeated a field of 12, and was disqualified for fouling Formaster early in the race. Second money went to Formaster, and Toledo was placed third. Although the race was the greatest part of the day, one of the largest crowds of the season was in attendance. Though the track was muddy, there was a firm bottom. Mendon and Ananias were scratched, leaving four to compete in the derby, which was at a mile and a quarter, and was worth \$2,500.

Bombardier was ten to one in the early betting, but closed at 6. Bombardier and Judge raced on almost even terms to the stand, when Judge showed in front. Bombardier tried to get through, but Daky cut off with Judge, and the favorite was knocked back. After that Bombardier went to the front and was never headed. Daky, the rider of Judge, was summoned to the stand and his mount promptly disqualified.

FIRST RACE—Futurity course, selling: Cousin Carrie, 95 (Vanderbilt), 10 to 1; won; Sir Tom Thacker, 111 (J. Day), 10 to 5; second; Pat Morrissey, 102 (Holbrook), 30 to 1; third, Time 1:12. Flanour, Ben Lamb, Hand Press, Gallantush ran.

SECOND RACE—Three and half furlongs, selling: McGregor, 110 (J. Martin), 6 to 5; won; Gloomy Gus, 107 (Bell), 4 to 1; second; Steel Wire, 107 (Bell), 5 to 3; third, Time 43 3-4. Tar Flat, Morrine ran.

THIRD RACE—Thirteen-sixteenths mile, selling: El Pilot, 104 (Buxton), 8 to 5; won; Merhanus, 112 (Sec), 7 to 1; second; Cycrothe, 122 (Crossthaite), 8 to 1; third, Time 1:23. I Know, Col. Van, Cononious ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and quarter, California derby: Bombardier, 114 (Sec), 6 to 1; won; Formaster, 117 (Bilman), even, second; Toledo, 122 (Bell), 2 to 1; third, Time 2:10 1-2. Judge finished second. Disqualified for fouling.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and fifty yards: Coronel, 109 (Stuart), 3 to 1; won; Ray Dore, 102 (W. Travers), 11 to 1; second; Cloche d'Or, 98 (Knapp), 10 to 1; third, Time 1:45. G. W. Travers, Lillunou, Golden Light ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, purse: Divina, 104 (Burns), 3 to 2; won; Leader, 104 (J. Martin), 3 to 2 to 1; second; Escher, 95 (Reed), 9 to 5; third, Time 1:48. The Don, Chickadee ran.

MERCER TO HAVE FOOTBALL TEAM

Management Negotiating
with Brown, of Syracuse,
for Coach.

Macon, Ga., February 22.—(Special).—Mercer is waging a strenuous football team for next fall. There is plenty of good material in college, and judging from the outlook, Mercer will put on the gridiron as good a team as any institution in the state.

Professor E. T. Holmes, chairman of the athletic council, and J. C. Hollingsworth, manager of the '05 eleven, are endeavoring to get a coach for the coming year. Mr. Hollingsworth is in communication with A. B. Brown, of Syracuse university, New York.

Brown has been invited to act as physical director of Mercer and to coach the football team. He is one of the best coaches in the country. He has played football for his past ten years with several colleges. He played halfback on Syracuse three years, and is an alumnus of that institution. Last season he coached Syracuse. During his ten years' experience as a football he has played in every position.

All indications point toward Mercer securing Brown. He wishes to come south, and, judging from letters to Manager Hollingsworth, he is very desirous of getting the position offered by Mercer. Manager Hollingsworth stated yesterday that in a few days a contract will be closed with him.

Professor Holmes has for some time been in correspondence with Sandy Beavers, a graduate of the University of Georgia, and a well-known football player.

Better Than Gold.
"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run-down women. No other medicine has done so much for my family. Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists."

Brooke Racquet Champion.
Boston, February 22.—George A. Brooke, of Philadelphia, won the racquet championship of the United States today by defeating Quincy A. Shaw, Jr., of this city.

ADVERTISING CONTRACTS.
Placed at a saving of money, time and trouble to the advertiser, by the Massingale Advertising Agency of Atlanta. Send for their booklet, "Why don't you?" They have hundreds of successful customers all over the United States.

GOLF MEETING AT LOUISVILLE

Kentucky City Selected Yesterday by Southern Golf Association.

At a meeting of the Southern Golf Association held at the Capital City club yesterday Louisville was selected as the place for holding the next annual tournament of the association.

Several clubs had representatives present to invite the association among them being: H. C. Stiles, of Augusta; F. Moses, of Savannah; C. L. Nelson and J. P. Starks, of Louisville. Each gentleman made an address extending an invitation to the association and telling of the advantages to be offered by the golf links of their respective cities.

The representatives of Louisville declared that the next tournament of the association will be the largest and most successful ever held. Elaborate preparations will be made for the entertainment of the visiting members upon that occasion. The date selected for the tournament is June 8, 9, 10 and 11.

The members of the executive committee present at yesterday's meeting were: J. J. McCloskey, president of the association; Robert Manson, Darien, Ga., vice president; L. P. Smith, Aniston, Ala., treasurer; R. H. Baugh, Birmingham, Ala., secretary; H. H. Lorton, Jr., Nashville, Tenn.; W. P. Hill, of Atlanta, is also a member of the executive committee, but was unable to attend on account of the death of his aunt, Mrs. B. H. Hill.

A committee on programme, which will make all arrangements for the tournament, is composed of R. H. Baugh, L. G. Smith, Robert Manson, H. H. Lorton, Jr.

The last tournament, which was highly successful in every way, was held at Asheville, N. C.

UNIFORM SYSTEM TEXT-BOOKS.
Mississippi House Passes Senate Bill Providing for Books.

Jackson, Miss., February 22.—(Special).—By an overwhelming majority the house this afternoon passed the senate bill providing for a uniform system of text-books for the common schools. The books shall be selected by a commission of eight competent teachers, who shall be paid a salary of \$5 per day. Writing and the elements of agriculture were added to the curriculum and natural philosophy eliminated. The house struck out the clause providing that the history taught in the schools, "shall be written from the Confederate standpoint."

CATARRH

Catarrh is not only a most disgusting and offensive malady, but when allowed to continue, becomes constitutional. The foul secretions and mucous matter are absorbed into the blood, and the whole system becomes infected with the catarrhal poison, and can't be reached by inhalations, sprays, washes, powders and salves. Only a remedy that enters into the circulation and cleanses and purifies the polluted blood, can cure Catarrh after it gets to be chronic. It is a disease that attacks the membranes and delicate coverings of all the bodily organs. It is not confined to the head, nose and throat, but the stomach, bowels, kidneys, bladder and other parts of the body are liable to become involved.

The catarrhal poison pollutes the blood, and through the circulation contaminates every organ, membrane and tissue of the body. Catarrh affects the general health, injures the digestion, upsets the stomach, destroys the appetite, produces nausea and other miserable symptoms. S. S. S. reaches it through the blood, goes into the circulation and drives out all unhealthy accumulations, and when all parts of the system are receiving a supply of rich, pure blood, the general health is invigorated, and all the disgusting symptoms of the disease stop. Write us about your case, and our physicians will advise you free of charge.

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THE PURE WHISKY
is made from
Best of Grain
PURIFIED
by our
Special Process
hence
Mellow and
Wholesome
Geo. A. Dickel & Co.
Nashville, Tenn.



WANT YANKEES ON ENGLISH TURF

Grievances of American
Sporting Men To Be Carefully Investigated.

From a Staff Correspondent.

London, February 20.—Richard Croker's decision to remove his training quarters to Ireland and that of the late W. C. Whitney to take all his horses back to America, as well as the remarks attributed to Huggins, Whitney's trainer, that English racing men do not want Americans on the English race course is exercising the minds of some of the more reputable of the sporting fraternity here.

They feel that the decisions arrived at by the Americans referred to are not calculated to foster a feeling of good fellowship between American and English sportsmen, and in consequence a movement is on foot to get the Jockey Club to make an investigation, before the commencement of the flat-racing season in March.

The fact that the king has for some time employed Americans in preference to English jockeys has added to the seriousness of the situation, because English trainers do not wish his majesty to think that on account of the preference they would make things uncomfortable for American sportsmen. One of the English trainers in discussing the matter today said: "I certainly cannot see how Mr. Huggins is justified in saying that we trainers make it plain that we do not want Americans here. He appeared to be one of the most popular men at Newmarket."

"American trainers usually have different methods of training from our own; that Huggins' system was more English than any of the other Americans who have established here. He was certainly credited with being shrewd in his profession and I am sure everybody who knew him was sorry at his departure, because he was always looked upon as a good fellow."

Croker's action is not regarded so seriously, but that stable disappearing all most simultaneously makes English sportsmen feel that the sense of fair play, of which England so freely boasts, has been assailed.

No Unpleasant Effects.
Such as griping, result from the use of Moxley's Lemon Balm, the ideal laxative. Pleasant to take, pleasant in results. 50 cents a bottle at all drug stores.

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We have every facility for prompt execution of orders.
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Colton, Wheat, Corn & Coffee Losses.
Claims against brokers and commission merchants for unauthorized closing of contracts on New York, New Orleans, Chicago and other exchanges, collected by THE CREDIT CLEARING HOUSE.
Correspondence invited. No fees charged unless service rendered.
Address, The Credit Clearing House, Collection Department, 346 Broadway, New York, or 200 Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.

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BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Members New York Cotton Exchange.
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GROUND FLOOR, EMPIRE BLDG.

Third National Bank.

Capital, - - - - - \$200,000
Surplus and Profits, - - - - - \$200,000
DIRECTORS.
H. M. ATKINSON, President.
J. M. ATKINSON, Vice-Pres.
JOS. A. McCORD, Cashier.
THOS. C. BRWIN, Asst. Cashier.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.

CAPITAL, - - - - - \$200,000.00
SURPLUS AND PROFITS - - - - - \$250,000.00
TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

In our Savings Department we issue pass books and allow interest at the rate of 3 1-2 per cent. per annum, compounded January and July.
ACCOUNTS INVITED.

\$150,000.00 CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY COMPANY, CHATTANOOGA DIVISION

PURCHASE MONEY MORTGAGE 4% GOLD BONDS.
COUPONS PAYABLE JUNE AND DECEMBER,
PRINCIPAL PAYABLE JUNE, 1951.

Price 88 1/2 and Accrued Interest.
Send for Descriptive Circular.
JOHN W. DICKEY, Stocks and Bonds, Augusta, Ga.

THE HOWELL JONES CO., COTTON, STOCKS AND GRAIN, 14 N. Pryor St. Referenced, The Atlanta National Bank, The First National Bank and Standard 284. Bell Phone 66.

\$100.00 IN GOLD GIVEN AWAY TO THE NEAREST CARPER of Sales of the Present Cotton Crop—Hester's report to govern.
ATLANTA BROKERAGE & COMMISSION CO., J. S. Jones, Manager.
Cotton, Stocks, Grains and Provisions. Ground Floor, Prudential Bldg.
Will give away \$100.00 in Gold on the following conditions: Every customer who trades with us during the period from December 1st, 1903 to July 1st, 1904, will be allowed one estimate on each minimum trade executed. For further particulars write us, P. O. Box 288, or Phone 1417 Long Distance.

PILES

are serious, cause much pain and discomfort, and sometimes actual disability.
SYMPTOMS: Sometimes there is itching and stinging, then again pain, soreness and bleeding. Tumors grow, enlarge, protrude, and if neglected, ulcerate, becoming very serious and painful to cure them quickly and painlessly, use
INJECTION MALYDOR.

Instant relief. Cures in several days. At Druggists, or sent by Air Mail for \$1.00 with Syringe for \$1.00.
Malydor Mfg. Co., Lancaster, O., U.S.A.
Sold and recommended by the Jacobs Pharmacy Co., 68-10 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

Every Woman should know MARVEL Whirling Spray

It is a wonderful and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. It is a wonderful and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. It is a wonderful and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray.

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Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of ROUGH AND DRESSED YELLOW PINE LUMBER, SHINGLES AND LATHS, FLOORING, CEILING, FINISHING, WEATHER-BOARDING, AND FRAMING.
Stock always on hand in large quantities of regular stock size, or manufactured to order on short notice.
Shipments to the interior in mixed car load lots a specialty.

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THOMAS M. WORD.

SIENT hotel. Caters exclusively to refined people. Rates—American plan, \$1.50 per day; \$7 to \$10 per week; for two persons in one room, \$2.50 per day; \$14 to \$17 per w'k; \$50 to \$65 per month.

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